2016 Annual Security & Fire Safety Report

In compliance with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistical Act

This report contains information for calendar year 2015
# Table of Contents

How to reach the UCCS Department of Public Safety ............................................................. 4

1. CLERY ............................................................................................................................................. 5

2. OVERVIEW OF THE UCCS POLICE DEPARTMENT (UCCS PD) .............................................. 5
   a. Statement Addressing UCCS PD Mission, Law Enforcement Authority and Officer Training ...... 5
   b. Statement Addressing Interagency Relationships with Local and State Law Enforcement .......... 6

3. REPORTING CRIMES AND OTHER EMERGENCIES .............................................................. 7
   a. Statement Addressing How to Report a Crime or Emergency on Campus ............................... 7
   b. Statement Addressing Voluntary Confidential and Anonymous Reporting ............................ 8
   c. Statement Encouraging Accurate and Prompt Crime Reporting ........................................... 8
   d. Discussing an Incident with a University Counselor ............................................................... 8
   e. Statement Addressing Disclosures to Alleged Victims ......................................................... 9

4. CRIME ALERTS AND EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION ........................................................... 10
   a. Statement Addressing Issuing Timely Warnings .................................................................. 10
   b. Statement Addressing Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures ............................. 12
   c. Emergency Notification System ......................................................................................... 12
   d. Confirmation of an Emergency or Dangerous Situation ....................................................... 13
   e. Population Notified/Segmented Notification ...................................................................... 13
   f. Emergency Notification Content ....................................................................................... 13
   g. Concept of Operations ....................................................................................................... 14
   h. Emergency Response Organization .................................................................................. 15
   i. Emergency Response Education ....................................................................................... 15
   j. Statement Addressing Testing Emergency Response ........................................................... 16
   k. Statement Addressing Evacuation Procedures .................................................................. 16

5. CRIME STATISTICS .................................................................................................................. 17
   b. Statement Addressing Criminal Activity Off-Campus ......................................................... 17
   c. Statement Addressing the Daily Crime Log ........................................................................ 17
   d. Crime Statistics Table ....................................................................................................... 17

6. CRIME PREVENTION, EDUCATION AND SECURITY AWARENESS ................................. 20
   a. Statement Addressing Security Awareness Programs ........................................................... 20
   b. Statement Addressing Crime Prevention Programs ............................................................. 20

7. MISSING STUDENT POLICY .................................................................................................. 28

8. SEXUAL MISCONDUCT POLICY ............................................................................................ 28
   a. UCCS Student Code of Conduct ........................................................................................ 29
How to reach the UCCS Department of Public Safety:

Emergency: 911

Police Operations (non-emergency): 719-255-3111

Administration: 719-255-3288

Emergency Management: 719-255-3106

Records: 719-255-3374

Website: [http://www.uccs.edu/~pusafety/](http://www.uccs.edu/~pusafety/)

Police Blotter (daily crime log): [http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/blotter.html](http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/blotter.html)

UCCS Emergency Plan: [http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/emerplan.html](http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/emerplan.html)

The University of Colorado Colorado Springs' Campus Safety and Security Report & Fire Safety Report is published by October 1 of every year. This is the compliance document to the Federal Student Right to Know and Campus Security Act of 1990 also known as the Clery Act, with Higher Education Amendments. Crime statistics as listed in this pamphlet reflect reported crime only and are for calendar months January through December.
1. CLERY ACT REQUIREMENTS

What is the Clery Act?
Signed into law in 1990, the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act) is a federal law that requires colleges and universities to disclose certain timely and annual information about campus crime and security policies. All post-secondary public and private institutions participating in federal student aid programs must adhere to these regulations. The Clery Act was championed by Howard & Connie Clery after their daughter Jeanne was murdered at Lehigh University in 1986.

History of Jeanne Clery Act

In April 1986, Jeanne Clery’s life ended tragically when another student raped and murdered her in her residence hall room. Alarmed at the lack of transparency around crime and violence on college campuses, Jeanne’s parents, Connie and Howard, committed themselves to create enduring change.

What is the University of Colorado Colorado Springs (UCCS) obligated to do?
To ensure compliance with the Clery Act, UCCS PD must meet obligations in the following three broad categories: (1) policy disclosure; (2) records collection and retention; and (3) information dissemination.

- Policy Disclosure — UCCS must provide the campus community and the public with accurate statements of current policies and practices regarding procedures for students and others to report criminal actions or other emergencies on campus, security of and access to campus facilities, and campus law enforcement.
- Records Collection and Retention — UCCS is required to keep campus records of crimes reported on campus to campus security authorities, make a reasonable good faith effort to obtain certain crime statistics from appropriate law enforcement agencies to include in the annual security report, and keep a daily crime log open for public inspection.
- Information Dissemination — To provide members of the campus community with information needed to make informed personal safety decisions, UCCS must provide: 1) A “timely warning” of any Clery Act crime that represents an ongoing threat to the safety of students and employees; 2) Develop and maintain a log of all crimes reported to the UCCS Police Department, ensure public access to the crime log during normal business hours, and; 3) Publish an annual security report, make the report available to all current students and employees, and ensure the annual security report is made available to prospective students and employees. UCCS must also inform the campus community where to obtain information regarding registered sex offenders, and submit annual crime statistics to the U.S. Department of Education.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE UCCS POLICE DEPARTMENT (UCCS PD)

a. Statement Addressing UCCS PD Mission, Law Enforcement Authority and Officer Training Mission
The mission of the UCCS Department of Public Safety is to provide police, security, risk management, environmental safety, and emergency preparedness services to the University community. We recognize that our authority comes from the Constitution of the United States, a continually reaffirmed expression of the will of the people, and we are dedicated to upholding its expression of the fundamental value of all people. We view our community and our employees as invaluable assets whose welcome diversity encourages us to strive for a place where their expression and worth can flourish. We do this with the clear understanding that our ultimate responsibility is to enhance and celebrate the University experience. The Department recognizes that specific programs aimed at encouraging community participation will be most successful when fostered within a climate of mutual community trust. This is most likely to occur as a result of frequent, free, and open contact among Department members, the public at large, and University community representatives.

Authority
The police officers of the UCCS Police Department are Colorado Peace Officers and receive their police authority via the provisions of Colorado Revised Statutes, Title 24, Article 7.5. This statute gives officers the authority to enforce all laws of the state of Colorado while acting within the scope of his or her authority and in the performance of his or her duties. The Board of Regents has delegated authority to the University Police Department to enforce University rules and regulations, as well as municipal, county, and state laws. University Police officers have full police authority on all properties owned or controlled by the University and to make arrests when not on state owned or leased property. University police may also refer University students to the Office of the Dean of Students when offenses involve violations of University rules and regulations.

Officer Training
University Police officers receive the same training as other County, City and State police officers in Colorado; they must successfully complete an authorized Colorado Law Enforcement Training Academy with a minimum of 540 hours of specialized instruction. All University Police officers must successfully complete an on-the-job police-training program under the supervision of experienced officers and supervisors. This training usually lasts a minimum of two months and covers security and crime concerns specific to the University and surrounding community. Finally, officers must complete a probationary period of one year before being certified in their staff positions.

b. Statement Addressing Interagency Relationships with Local and State Law Enforcement
The UCCS PD recognizes the importance of maintaining close and cooperative working relationships with the City of Colorado Springs Police Department (CSPD), the El Paso County Sheriff's Office (EPSO), and the El Paso County District Attorney's Office. The UCCS PD meets with these departments on a formal and informal basis and on specific issues as the need arises. Through an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) with the CSPD, while off campus in city jurisdiction. UCCS PD is granted enforcement authority of State of Colorado criminal offenses as well as City traffic and parking violations within a pre-defined enforcement boundary. Any University owned or leased property in outlying areas is patrolled jointly by both UCCS PD and CSPD.

All of these law enforcement departments share information to track offender criminal histories and arrest information, as well as crime trend information. The UCCS PD has direct lines of communication with these departments, which allow for fast, efficient coordination when necessary. The UCCS PD also works with other state and federal law enforcement agencies as required.

Finally, under Colorado Revised Statute 29-5-103 (Assignment of police officers or deputy sheriffs for temporary duty), UCCS PD has statutory authority to provide assistance to other law enforcement agencies as needed and required; and, under Colorado Revised Statute 29-5-104 (Request for temporary assignment of police officers or deputy sheriffs – authority), UCCS PD has the authority to request law enforcement personnel from other agencies as needed, or required, to deal with emergency situations on campus.

Expanded Statement on Working Relationship with Outside Law Enforcement Agencies
The UCCS PD maintains an active Intergovernmental Agreement with the Colorado Springs Police Department. The specific boundary areas are described in the IGA, and are available upon request. The IGA allows the UCCS PD to enforce all City of Colorado Springs municipal ordinances; on and off campus within a defined "Enforcement Boundary". All municipal ordinance violations will be cited into the City of Colorado Springs Municipal Court.
The UCCS PD routinely provides assistance to CSPD Officers responding to calls within the Enforcement Boundaries. A printed copy of the IGA is maintained on file at the UCCS PD, and is available for review by any member of the public or University Community upon request. The UCCS PD has also received county commissions from the El Paso County Sheriff’s Office (EPSO) which allow the UCCS PD to assist EPSO upon request within the county.

3. REPORTING CRIMES AND OTHER EMERGENCIES

a. Statement Addressing How to Report a Crime or Emergency on Campus

Crimes and Emergencies
For life threatening emergencies, please call 9-1-1 from a campus phone or 9-1-1 from a non-campus phone or personal cell phone. To report a crime through the non-emergency number, contact UCCS PD at (719) 255-3111.

University Police Communications Center is not a 911 center. Campus cell phone users, who dial 9-1-1, will be directly connected to the Colorado Springs Police 9-1-1 center. Through the mutual agreement with Colorado Springs Police, efforts will be coordinated to dispatch University Police to the caller’s or incident location. The University Communications Center has an “echo” system in place for calls placed from campus phones to 9-1-1. In this case, University Police dispatchers will receive notification of where the call is being placed from and dispatch University Police to the location.

The first response to report a campus crime should be to contact UCCS PD at (719) 255-3111. If you are not comfortable contacting UCCS PD, you may contact a Campus Security Authority (CSA). CSA’s are campus staff, faculty and students whose job functions make them significantly responsible for students and student activities. Sometimes victims and witnesses of a crime are hesitant to talk to a police officer. The Clery Act requires all institutions to collect crime reports from a variety of individuals to assist in reporting crime statistics accurately. CSA’s are not investigators of crimes, they do not categorize crimes; CSA’s help collect crime report information for UCCS. CSA’s have an important function to immediately forward reports of crime to UCSS Police. This is because a CSA report may be the basis for determining if there is a serious or continuing threat to the safety of our campus. Some examples of CSA’s include Residence Life and Housing Professional Staff or Resident Assistants, Dean of Students, Recreation and Wellness Center, Athletics, Student Success, ROTC, FDC, Club Advisors, and Public Safety.

University Police want the campus community to report any suspicious activities such as persons seen loitering around vehicles, buildings, or residential halls. Please call (719) 255-3111. Crimes and suspicious activities that occur off campus can be reported to the Colorado Springs Police Department at (719) 444-7000.

Accidents
If you have a traffic accident on campus or in one of the campus parking lots, call the UCCS Police Department at 719-255-3111. Traffic accidents are defined as unintentional damage or injury caused by the movement of a motor vehicle.

Response
The UCCS PD responds to all reports of crimes and suspicious activities that occur on campus and other properties owned, operated or under the control of UCCS. UCCS PD is generally the first to respond to any emergency or call for service. The Colorado Springs Police Department respond to crimes reported elsewhere in the city. However, the University Police Department and the City of Colorado Springs Police Department have a close working relationship and may coordinate their responses to crimes as appropriate.

Officers respond to crime reports as appropriate using state and municipal laws as guidelines. These officers decide to detain, arrest, or merely warn offenders based on established standards of criminal or constitutional law. UCCS Police officers write reports on all law violations; administration uses the reports to compile daily, monthly, and yearly statistics for the FBI’s Uniform Crime Report. UCCS Police officers also review and
investigate reports of old or "cold" crimes.

b. Statement Addressing Voluntary Confidential and Anonymous Reporting
The University Police cannot hold reports of crime in confidence except for victim information for sex offense related crimes, as defined in Colorado Revised Statutes 24-72-304. Occasionally, victims of crime wish to discuss a crime or other incident but do not want to give their name and/or do not want to pursue action through the criminal justice or university judicial systems. A victim can confidentially discuss a crime or incident with a wellness clinician on campus.

If you are not comfortable reporting a crime or other safety or security related concern directly to the UCCS PD, you may also choose to use the University's on-line anonymous reporting option at https://secure.ethicspoint.com/domain/en/report_custom.asp?clientid=14973 or Safe to Tell Colorado at http://safe2tell.org/. If you choose the anonymous reporting option please be aware that the report cannot be immediately viewed. If there is an immediate threat to life or safety please call 9-1-1 from a campus phone, non-campus phone or cell phone immediately.

The purpose of an anonymous report is to possibly take steps to promote safety. In addition, the University can keep an accurate record of the number of incidents involving students, determine where there is a pattern of crime with regard to a particular location, method, or assailant, and alert the campus community to potential danger. Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crimes statistics for the institution.

c. Statement Encouraging Accurate and Prompt Crime Reporting
Colorado Revised Statutes, 18-8-115, "Duty to Report a Crime" requires all persons who believe a crime has been committed to report promptly the suspected crime to law enforcement authorities. To report a crime contact University Police at (719) 255-3111, or 3111 (from a campus phone), or use the emergency call boxes located in parking lots and some buildings, or report in person to the police located in Gateway Hall, attached to the Gateway Parking Garage.

UCCS encourages anyone who is the victim or witness to any crime to accurately and promptly report the incident to University Police, even when the victim of a crime elects not to or is unable to make such a report. Reporting a crime provides accurate and complete statistical reports and aids in providing timely warning notices to the community, when appropriate. Faculty, staff, and students who are considered to be Campus Security Authorities are required to forward any report of a crime on campus to the University Police for further investigation. Reporting an incident to a campus CSA also assists Campus Police in capturing statistics when the victim of a crime elects or is unable to make a report. Incidents reported to University Police that fall into one of the required reporting classifications will be disclosed as a statistic in this annual publication. All student organizations leasing or are in control of off-campus space must report to the university sponsor any criminal activity that occurs off campus. A copy of those reports involving criminal activity must be filed with the University Police for inclusion in the Annual Safety and Security Report.

Timely reports allow for timely response and eventually a safer campus. DO YOUR PART, REPORT!

d. Discussing an Incident with a University Counselor
Occasionally, victims of crime wish to discuss a crime or other incident but do not want to give their name and/or do not want to pursue action through the criminal justice or university judicial systems. A victim can confidentially discuss a crime or incident with a mental health clinician on campus. University "mental health clinicians", when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. A Professional Counselor is a person whose official responsibilities include providing mental health counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification. At this time, UCCS does not employ pastoral counselors. A pastoral counselor is a person who is associated with a religious order or denomination, is recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling, and is functioning within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor.

Mental health clinicians, if and when they deem it appropriate, are encouraged by UCCS PD to inform the persons they are counseling of the procedures to report a crime to the University Police. However, it is made
clear to the student that the final decision to report or not report is left up to the student. Visit http://www.uccs.edu/recwellness/mental-health-services.html for further information.

A summary of the student issues that the Wellness Center works with each year is recorded in a Wellness Center annual report. This data is summarized by diagnoses and no names are attached to the data. The Wellness Center report does not distinguish events that occurred in the past year from events that occurred at any time in the student’s past, and it does not distinguish reported events from non-reported events.

e. Statement Addressing Disclosures to Alleged Victims of Crimes of Violence or Non-Forcible Sex Offenses

Since January of 1993, victims of "crimes against persons" in Colorado are afforded specific rights pursuant to the Victim Rights Act (VRA). The VRA provides victims with a more active role in the criminal justice process in an attempt to balance the historically inequitable scales of justice. Below is the list of crimes covered by the Victim Rights Act.

If you or a loved one has been a victim of the following types of crimes in the State of Colorado, your right to be informed and to participate in critical stages of the criminal justice process related to the crime is guaranteed by the Colorado Constitution. This page will assist you if you are a victim of a crime in the City of Colorado Springs and the State of Colorado, by providing you with some information that may be helpful to you during your time of need.

Crimes Covered Under the Victims' Rights Act
- Murder, Manslaughter
- Criminally negligent homicide and vehicular homicide
- Assault - 1st, 2nd, 3rd
- Robbery - aggravated, aggravated of a controlled substance
- Menacing
- Kidnapping
- Sexual Assault - 1st, 2nd, 3rd, on a child, on a child by one in position of trust, on a client by a psychotherapist
- Incest
- Child abuse
- Sexual exploitation of children
- Crimes (VRA) against at-risk adults or at-risk juveniles
- Crimes for which the underlying foundation has been determined to be domestic violence
- Careless driving resulting in death
- Failure to stop at the scene of an accident involving a death
- Harassment by stalking
- Ethnic intimidation
- Any criminal attempt, conspiracy, criminal solicitation, or accessory involving any of the crimes stated above
- Violation of a protection order against a person charged with committing sexual assault
- Indecent exposure
- Intimidating a victim or a witness
- Tampering with a witness or victim

The Federal Campus Sexual Assault Victims’ Bill of Rights
- Survivors shall be notified of their options to notify law enforcement.
- Accuser and accused must have the same opportunity to have others present.
- Both parties shall be informed of the outcome of any disciplinary proceeding.
- Survivors shall be notified of counseling services.
- Survivors shall be notified of options for changing academic and living situations.

UCCS provides support for victims of crime. Therefore, do not hesitate to report a crime including incidents of
sexual assault and ethnic, racial, or sexual harassment. As a crime victim, you can obtain assistance on campus as well as within the Colorado Springs community. See the Campus and Community Resource Directory in the back of this booklet for other organizations that provide services to victims of crime.

UCCS will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence (as that term is defined in section 16 of title 18, United States Code), or a non-forcible sex offense, the report on the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the University against the student who is the alleged perpetrator of the crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, UCCS will provide the results of the disciplinary proceeding to the victim’s next of kin, if so requested.

The UCCS campus community has the right to live without fear of becoming a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, stalking or sexual assault. In accordance with this principle, UCCS prohibits any act of interpersonal violence or sexual misconduct.

4. CRIME ALERTS AND EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION

a. Statement Addressing Issuing Timely Warnings

UCCS PD and University Communications and Media Relations are primarily responsible for developing and disseminating “timely warning” notices to members of the university community about statutorily designated crimes that occur within the Clery defined geography when the circumstances of a criminal incident support a reasonable belief that a serious, ongoing threat or pattern to university students, staff, and affiliates exists. Such warnings are provided to students and employees in a manner that is timely, withholds the names of victims as confidential, and will aid in the prevention of similar occurrences. These warnings will be distributed for any qualifying incident discovered by, or reported to, UCCS PD.

UCCS PD will coordinate issuance of a Timely Warning/Safety Advisory when:

1. The circumstances of the commission of the crime create a reasonable belief that there is a serious or ongoing threat to the members of the UCCS community.
2. The crime is one of the following types; is determined to pose a serious or ongoing threat to the community; and was committed on property owned or controlled by the campus, or on public property running through or immediately adjacent to campus:
   - Homicide – Murder & non-negligent manslaughter
   - Sex Offenses – Forcible and Non-forcible (considered on a case by case basis depending on the facts of the case, when the incident occurred versus when it was reported and the amount of information known by UCCS PD)
   - Robbery involving force or violence
   - Aggravated assault - (if an assault occurs between two people who have a disagreement, there may be no on-going threat to other UCCS community members and a timely warning would not be distributed)
   - Burglary
   - Motor Vehicle Theft
   - Major incidents of arson
   - Hate crimes involving bodily injury
   - Other crimes as determined necessary by the Chief of Police or his/her designee

Timely Warnings/Safety Advisories may not be issued for the above listed crimes if the perpetrator(s) is apprehended and the ongoing threat to members of the UCCS community has been mitigated by the apprehension.

All of the above listed crimes and any other crimes will be assessed on a case by case basis to determine if there is an ongoing or serious threat to the UCCS community.

Possible tools used to disseminate Timely Warning information may include:
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System to use</th>
<th>Primary Message Creator</th>
<th>Backup Message Creator</th>
<th>Authority for approving &amp; sending messages</th>
<th>Primary Message Sender</th>
<th>Backup Message Sender</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PRIMARY</strong></td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Email to campus community</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
<td>EOC team member</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
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<tr>
<td>UCCS website</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
<td>EOC team member</td>
<td>IT</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DPS website</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
<td>EOC team member</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>IT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SECONDARY</strong></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Notification System (Text, email, voice messages, Emergency Management Social Media Sites)</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
<td>EOC team member</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UCCS Official Social media</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
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<tr>
<td>Poster/flyers</td>
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<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>Available campus personnel.</td>
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<td>CSPD Crimestoppers</td>
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<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
<td>EOC team member</td>
<td>Crimestoppers</td>
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<tr>
<td>CSPD Community Alert System</td>
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<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
<td>EOC team member</td>
<td>CSPD</td>
<td>none</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*This table is not all inclusive, but represents a sampling of established warning and confirmation points.*

Anyone with information warranting a timely warning should report the circumstances to the UCCS PD, by phone at (719) 255-3111; or in person at the UCCS PD, Gateway Hall, located at the southeast corner of the Gateway parking garage.
b. Statement Addressing Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

Policy Statement:
This policy establishes the emergency response and evacuation procedures for UCCS. This policy has been established to ensure to the greatest extent possible the safety and welfare of UCCS students and employees. This policy is aligned with, and in compliance with the Higher Education Opportunity Act that requires all Title IV institutions, without exception, to have and disclose emergency response procedures in response to a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on the campus.

Scope:
The requirements set forth in this policy are only applicable to emergency or dangerous situations occurring on campus. The institution may issue emergency notifications about emergency or dangerous situations that occur in the broader community if institutional officials determine that such notifications provide helpful or relevant information to the campus population.

Situation:
UCCS will, upon confirmation of an ongoing significant emergency or dangerous situation that poses an imminent threat to the health and safety of campus community members, immediately issue emergency notifications to the campus community. While it is impossible to predict every significant or dangerous situation that may occur on campus, the following identified situations shall warrant an emergency notification after confirmation.

a) Armed/Hostile Intruder
b) Bomb/Explosives (threat)
c) Communicable disease outbreak
d) Severe weather
e) Terrorist incident
f) Civil unrest
g) Natural disaster
h) Hazardous materials incident
i) Structure fires

University officials shall use their best, reasonable judgment in all other situations as to whether an emergency notification is warranted. Situations that may create business, academic or research interruptions, but do not pose a health or safety risk, do not necessitate an emergency notification. Notifications about such situations will be facilitated by University Communications and Media Relations with coordination of involved departments as appropriate.

Examples of such situations include:

a) Snow closures
b) Temporary building closures
c) Power outages

An emergency notification will not be issued upon confirmation if the notification will, or is likely to:

a) Compromise the efforts of first responders
b) Compromise efforts to assist the victim
c) Increase the vulnerability of campus safety
d) Compromise efforts to contain, respond to or otherwise mitigate the emergency

c. Emergency Notification System
UCCS has a policy regarding the use of this Emergency Notification System for emergencies that pose an immediate threat to the health and safety of the campus community as well as weather-related campus closures or delays, such as snow closure. This system will not be used for routine, non-emergency or non-urgent events.

The Emergency Notification System allows designated administrators (see graph on page 13-14) to send emergency messages via text to cell phones, email, web site banners, UCCS Emergency Management and UCCS Police social media sites as well as select VoIP phones at UCCS main desk areas and classrooms/labs. In the event of an emergency, the Emergency Notification
System will be one of the primary systems utilized to notify subscribers of the situation. All uccs.edu email accounts are registered to receive alerts, and students’ contact numbers entered in the MyUCCS Portal can be used to text alerts unless they opt out during class registration. Additional mobile numbers i.e. - parents or spouses, non-UCCS email addresses, and all staff, faculty, and affiliate information should be entered via UCCSAalerts. Registration is free, and more information about the system can be found at alerts.uccs.edu. For concerns or questions regarding UCCSAalerts, contact Emergency Management at 255.3106, or via email at eprepare@uccs.edu

d. Confirmation of an Emergency or Dangerous Situation:
Reports of emergency or dangerous situations can originate from various sources including:
- Reports from first responders
- Reports from established warning points
- Reports from other campus departments
- Reports from citizens through 911 or 255-3111

Confirmation of these situations will occur through several different processes:

**Criminal Nature:**
Emergency or dangerous situations that are criminal in nature will be considered confirmed if a law enforcement officer observes the situation as it is occurring. For situations that are criminal in nature that are not apparent or not directly observed by law enforcement, confirmation will be made by University Police command-level staff. Command-level staff will review the readily available information and determine if there is enough information to reasonably conclude a significant emergency or dangerous situation is occurring on campus. Command-level staff may consult with additional departments and policy level personnel as practical without jeopardizing life or safety.

**Other Emergency or Dangerous Situations:**
Confirmation of non-criminal situations will be determined after readily available information is reviewed by campus emergency management, law enforcement or policy level personnel.

**Established Warning Points:**
Established warning points are considered entities with subject matter expertise on particular hazards that may affect campus. When a warning is issued by one of these entities it is considered confirmed, however, additional consultation with campus officials will occur as practical without jeopardizing life or safety.
- National Weather Service Warnings for weather events, flood events and dangerous fire weather
- El Paso County Public Health Communicable disease/public health emergencies
- Colorado Springs Fire Department Structure fire and hazardous material events

**e. Population Notified/Segmented Notification:**
With the exception of emergencies that are contained to one campus facility/area, the University has decided not to provide segmented emergency notifications. This decision was made based on the analysis of identified risks to the campus and to prevent accidental exclusion of a segment of campus population for which the emergency notification was intended.

In the situations when a single facility/area is involved, facility alarms, public address systems, phone-trees, and other technologies of the facility may be utilized to provide warning. Campus personnel may also provide warning if needed and feasible. Should a segmented emergency notification be issued, on-going assessments of the situation will occur and a campus-wide notification will be sent as necessary.

**f. Emergency Notification Content:**
The content of an emergency notification will depend on the situation and the notification method. However, the following information will be included in all initial emergency notifications regardless of the situation or method:
- Specific location of the emergency
- A description of the situation (flash flood warning, dangerous situation, etc.)
- Relevant safety instructions (move to higher ground, shelter in place, etc.)
A fourth element of where to get more information (i.e., university website) will be included in the initial notification if feasible. Because of text character limits, or the immediate availability of information, the fourth element of where to get information may not always be included in the initial emergency notification. Typically, more information will be provided on the university’s website at http://www.uccs.edu.

**Pre-scripted Emergency Notifications:**
To the greatest extent possible, the institution will develop and utilize pre-scripted emergency notifications that have been collaboratively developed and agreed upon by UCCS PD, campus Emergency Management, University Communications and Media Relations and appropriate policy level personnel. The development of these notifications facilitates faster dissemination. Pre-scripted notifications have been developed primarily for the Emergency Notification System and the UCCS website. During situations for which a pre-scripted notification has not been developed, the UCCS PD, University Communications and Media Relations, or Information Technology will be the primary departments responsible for creating content (see below graph for further information on message creation and dissemination responsibilities).

**Additional content considerations:**
As feasible, after the situation description, relevant instructions, and additional information sources are provided, the following content should be considered for inclusion:

- Campus operating status (open, closed, etc.)
- Information update frequencies
- Additional instructions that are not specific to life safety

**Follow-up Information:**
UCCS will use some or all of the systems above to communicate follow-up information to the community as deemed necessary. An “all clear” notification should be sent at the conclusion of a significant emergency or dangerous situation. These notifications should include campus operating status if relevant.

**g. Concept of Operations:**
The primary method of issuing an emergency notification is the Emergency Notification System. Additionally, the campus website is designed to accommodate increased traffic during emergency situations so that both campus community members and the broader community are provided with emergency notifications and information. The website will be the primary point of information dissemination for the broader community, including parents.

The below graph represents a listing of primary and secondary systems available to the campus for creation, approval, and dissemination of emergency messages:

Possible tools used to disseminate Emergency information may include:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>System</th>
<th>Primary Message Creator</th>
<th>Backup Message Creator</th>
<th>Authority for approving &amp; sending messages</th>
<th>Primary Message Sender</th>
<th>Backup Message Sender</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>PRIMARY</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ENS: Text, email, voice, Emergency Management Social Media Sites</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations, IT</td>
<td>EOC team member</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations, IT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All UCCS staff/faculty/student campus email addresses</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
<td>EOC team member</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations, IT</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UCCS website</td>
<td>Public Safety</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
<td>EOC team member</td>
<td>IT</td>
<td>University Communications and Media Relations</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>SECONDARY</strong></td>
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</tbody>
</table>
h. Emergency Response Organization
The campus maintains an Emergency Operations Plan that outlines responsibilities of campus departments during emergencies. This plan outlines incident priorities, campus organization and specific responsibilities of particular departments or positions. The Emergency Operations Plan can be found at: http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/emerplan.html
University departments are responsible for developing emergency response and continuity of operations plans for their areas and staff. Campus emergency management provides resources and guidance for the development of these plans.

i. Emergency Response Education
Information about emergency response procedures is provided at the beginning of each semester at student orientation, and it is re-emphasized throughout the year on a campus-wide basis as other relevant advisories are issued. Information on how to receive emergency notifications is also located in the campus closure policy, which is provided electronically to the entire campus community on an annual basis. Furthermore, the campus emergency management website provides information and instructions about hazards that are likely to affect campus.
j. Statement Addressing Testing Emergency Response

The Emergency Notification System alert system is tested a minimum of twice a year; other tests are performed on individual and/or small-group basis. These tests will be received by a test group rather than all Emergency Notification System users as text fees may apply. This system is also used for weather-related closures or delay, allowing additional use of the system in a non-emergency environment.

Fire alarm inspections and building evacuation drills are conducted twice annually by the Environmental Health & Safety unit in conjunction with UCCS PD. These drills and exercises are specifically designed by Public Safety to assess and evaluate campus emergency plans and capabilities. Building emergency floor coordinators train annually on evacuation drills along with other initial response scenarios. The campus Leadership Team also meets twice annually to perform emergency exercises. Emergency e-mail messages and our Emergency Notification System mass messaging system are tested several times each year. Cross training with the City of Colorado Springs occurs once to twice annually. Each test on campus will be documented by Public Safety, which will include the date, time, and whether the test was announced or unannounced. Public Safety will publicize emergency response and evacuation procedures in conjunction with at least one test per calendar year.

k. Statement Addressing Evacuation Procedures

An evacuation of part or all of the UCCS campus may be required before, during, or after a significant incident, emergency, disaster or major disaster, or catastrophic incident as defined in the UCCS Campus Emergency Operations Plan – Base Plan. An evacuation may constitute the movement of people from one area of the campus to another, or it could require movement to an off-campus location away from the hazards effecting an evacuation requirement. Such an evacuation may lead to an eventual return to the campus, or may involve reunification and/or mass transportation efforts in the event the return of people to the campus is not feasible.

General
1. The primary goal is a safe and orderly evacuation to save lives and allow responding emergency personnel unimpeded access to address the campus incident.
2. Identify specific areas of the campus to be evacuated, and where the displaced people are to be sheltered (and by what method if beyond walking distance).
3. Specify transportation pickup location(s) for mobility impaired persons.
4. The authority to issue a campus evacuation order rests with the Chancellor or their designee; the authority to issue an order covering the area surrounding and/or including the campus rests with the City according to its ordinances and plans.
5. Alert shelters of the incident and evacuation plan, as well as the approximate number of evacuees to be expected. This includes notifying shelter operations organizations such as the American Red Cross.
6. The evacuation order should not be lifted until consultation is made between the campus EOC, ICP, and the City EOC (if activated). The authority to lift a campus evacuation order rests with the Chancellor or their designee; the authority to lift an order covering the area surrounding and/or including the campus, issued by the City, rests with the City according to its ordinances and plans.

Specific
1. The UCCS campus is divided into eight Evacuation Zones, hereinafter identified as Evacuation Zones 1 through 8.
2. There are two types of evacuations of the campus.
   • An evacuation of one part of the campus which has been affected by an incident to another, unaffected part of the campus; for instance, an evacuation of Evacuation Zone 2 sending all affected people to shelter in the University Center which is in Evacuation Zone 3.
   • An evacuation of part or all of the campus (one or more of the Evacuation Zones) to an off-campus shelter location; for instance, an evacuation of Evacuation Zone 4 to shelter at Colorado Springs Christian School.
3. UCCS has entered into Shelter Memoranda of Understanding (MOUs) with the following pre-planned off-campus shelter locations (confidential after hours contact information is maintained on file in the EOC and Public Safety).
   - Colorado Springs Christian School, 4855 Mallow Road: 599-3553.
   - Pulpit Rock Church, 301 Austin Bluffs Parkway: 598-6767.

For more information on campus emergency preparedness and quick reference information, visit the website at http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/emergplan.html

5. CRIME STATISTICS

The UCCS Department of Public Safety prepares this report to comply with the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act). In addition to statistics provided by the UCCS Police, crime statistics were also requested from the Colorado Springs Police Department for the areas surrounding campus and the off-campus properties that the university owns, leases or rents. Disciplinary-referral statistics were requested from the Office of the Dean of Students and the Director of Residence Life and Housing. Additionally, the Department of Public Safety requests crime statistics from the Campus Security Authorities (CSAs) on an annual basis. CSAs are required to provide the Department of Public Safety information on any crime reported directly to them during the previous calendar year. For statistical purposes, crime statistics reported to any of these sources are recorded in the calendar year the crime was reported. All statistics are gathered, compiled, and reported to the University community via this report. The Department of Public Safety submits these crime statistics to the Department of Education. By October 1 of each year, an e-mail notification is made to all enrolled students and current faculty and staff that provide information about this report. It includes a brief summary of the contents of this report, the website address for accessing this report, and information regarding how interested persons can request a printed copy of the report.

b. Statement Addressing Criminal Activity Off-Campus
UCCS has no university owned or controlled non-campus student organization facilities. If any local law enforcement agency in the Pikes Peak region is contacted about criminal activity occurring off-campus involving UCCS students, that agency is encouraged to notify UCCS PD. Students in these cases may be subject to arrest by any law enforcement agency and may be referred to the UCCS Office of the Dean of Students.

c. Statement Addressing the Daily Crime Log
As required under federal law, UCCS PD also maintains a daily crime log (police blotter) – available at http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/blotter.html — which is updated every two business days and contains all crimes reported to the UCCS PD.

d. Crime Statistics Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Crimes Reported by the University Police*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Crimes Reported For: Offense Type (includes attempts)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter</td>
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<tr>
<td>Murder/ Negligent Manslaughter</td>
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<tr>
<td>Offense Type</td>
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<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total Crimes Reported For: Offense Type</td>
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<tr>
<td>(includes attempts)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
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<tr>
<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<tr>
<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Includes crimes reported by other law enforcement agencies.

# Sex Offense occurred in 2012 not reported till 2013.

^ Motor Vehicle Thefts occurred in parking lot at a non-campus multi-building apartment complex where two buildings are leased by UCCS for student housing. As there is no designated parking for UCCS students, all motor vehicle thefts from the complex were counted.

### Violence Against Women Act of 2013 (VAWA), crimes reported to University Police*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offense Type</th>
<th>UCCS Campus</th>
<th>Non Campus</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
<th>Total</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Crimes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reported For: Offense Type (includes attempts)</td>
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<tr>
<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<td>Domestic Violence</td>
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<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Dating Violence</td>
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<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<tr>
<td>Stalking</td>
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<tr>
<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<tr>
<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

### Number of Arrests/Referrals for Select Offenses*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offense Type</th>
<th>UCCS Campus</th>
<th>Non Campus</th>
<th>Public Property</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Crimes</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reported For: Offense Type (includes attempts)</td>
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<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<tr>
<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<tr>
<td>On Campus Housing</td>
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<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquor Law Violations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrest</td>
<td>22 14 20 4</td>
<td>12 8 1 4 0</td>
<td>4 0 2 27 24 14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Referred for Discipline Action</td>
<td>56 51 61 55</td>
<td>111 110 1 17 5</td>
<td>2 0 0 59 78 116</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Drug Law Violations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arrest</td>
<td>21 17 35 29</td>
<td>15 12 4 4 0</td>
<td>0 2 2 25 41 17</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Referred for Discipline Action</td>
<td>8 6 7 7</td>
<td>30 30 1 4 0</td>
<td>0 0 0 9 11 30</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weapons Law Violations</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In cases involving Liquor Law, Drug Law, and Illegal Weapons Law violations, each person who was arrested is indicated in the arrest statistics. The statistics captured under the “Referred for Disciplinary Action” section for Liquor Law, Drug Law, and Weapons Law violations indicates the number of people referred to the Office of the Dean of Students or the Director of Residence Life and Housing for the law violation.

Listing crime statistics for the category of Larceny is not required by law, but is still provided in the interest of informing the community about the most frequent crimes that occur at UCCS. Only those incidents reported to UCCS PD are captured in these statistics.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Number of Reported Hate Crimes for Selected Offenses*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Crimes Reported For: Offense Type (includes attempts)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aggravated Assault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burglary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Negligent Manslaughter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Motor Vehicle Theft</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Murder/Non-Negligent Manslaughter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Robbery</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Offenses (Rape/Sodomy/Sexual Assault w/object/Fondling)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sex Offenses (Incest/Statutory Rape)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Simple Assault</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Intimidation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Theft /Larceny</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property Destruction, Damage, Vandalism</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Any other crime involving bodily injury</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Hate Crime/ Bias Incidents**

As stated in Colorado Revised Statute 18-9-121 Bias-motivated crimes, the Colorado General Assembly defines a Bias-motivated crime as a crime committed with the intent to intimidate or harass another person because of that person's actual or perceived race, color, religion, ancestry, ethnicity, national origin, physical or mental disability, gender identity or sexual orientation. A hate or bias related crime is not a separate, distinct crime, but is the commission of a criminal offense which was motivated by the offender's bias. For example, a subject assaults a victim, which is a crime. If the facts of the case indicate that the offender was...
motivated to commit the offense because of his/her bias against the victim’s race, sexual orientation, etc., the assault is then also classified as a hate/bias crime. The University of Colorado Board of Regents Policy 10: Non-Discrimination, affirms that the University of Colorado is committed to building a community of students, faculty, and staff in which diversity is a fundamental value. People are different, and the differences among them are what we call diversity -- a natural and enriching hallmark of life. A climate of healthy diversity is one in which people value rich panoply of diverse ideas, perspectives and backgrounds, individual and group differences, and communicates openly. If you believe that you may have been a victim of a bias-motivated crime, contact UCCS PD at (719) 255-3111.

UNFOUNDED CRIMES. If a reported crime is investigated by law enforcement authorities and found to be false or baseless, and no offense occurred, the crime is “unfounded” and is not included in our statistics.

*Unfounded crimes listed here are only Clery crimes, Larceny-Theft is not included in these stats unless it is categorized as a Hate Crime.

2015: Two unfounded crimes
2014: Five unfounded crimes
2013: Three unfounded crimes

* REPORTED CRIMES may involve individuals not associated with the institution.

6. CRIME PREVENTION, EDUCATION AND SECURITY AWARENESS

a. Statement Addressing Security Awareness Programs
The University Police Operations, along with many campus partners and departments, offers a number of programs that promote security awareness. The University engages in comprehensive educational programming to prevent domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking and other crime prevention programs to the UCCS campus community. UCCS is dedicated to crime prevention and facilitates programs for students, staff, faculty, and the community by providing a variety of educational strategies and tips on how to protect themselves and their property. In addition to departmental programs, the Police Department coordinates with other units on campus to present security and safety programs. A common theme of all programs is to encourage students and employees to be aware of their responsibility for their own security and the security of others.

Definitions related to campus programs:

**Awareness Programs** - Programs designed to make the student aware of potential risks to their personal safety which include early signs of stalking, domestic violence, or sexual assault.

**Bystander Intervention** - Programs designed to train a third party on how to intervene when they observe the potential for a crime to be committed. These methods include direct, distract, delay, or delegate.

**Primary Prevention Programs** - Community crime prevention programs or strategies target changes in community infrastructure, culture, or the physical environment in order to reduce crime.

**Risk reduction** - Is a systematic approach to identifying, assessing and reducing the risks of being a victim of a crime.

b. Statement Addressing Crime Prevention Programs
UCCS campus community personnel facilitate programs for students, parents, and employees, providing a variety of educational strategies and tips.

ONGOING RESOURCES:
Parking Enforcement Officers - Students conduct core campus and parking facility safety patrols on foot.

Safety Escorts – Police officers and security guards are available to provide safety escorts.

Tip: To enhance personal safety, and especially after an evening class, walk with friends or someone from class that you know well.

Crime Prevention Tips - Available on the Public Safety web site
At http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/prevention/crime-prevention/tips.html

THINK - A drug and alcohol awareness committee on campus committed to raising awareness of the consequences of drug and alcohol use. For more information visit our website located at: http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/prevention/crime-prevention/think-drug-and-alcohol.html This committee meets 2-3 times each semester.

Free Bike Registration - UCCS Parking Services offers free bicycle registration for all students, staff, and faculty http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/prevention/crime-prevention/free-bike-registration.html

EDUCATIONAL and TEACHING RESOURCES:

Women’s only Self-Defense Classes

Rape Aggression Defense (R.A.D.) - RAD is a hands-on, self-defense, and risk reduction education program for women. It is designed to teach the student realistic ways to defend and protect oneself from sexual and abductive assaults. University Police offer the following R.A.D. self-defense courses which are taught by nationally-certified instructors: http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/prevention/crime-prevention/rape-aggression-defense-program.html.

*This class was offered during the Spring 2015 semester only or available upon request.

Self-Defense Classes

Never a Victim (NAV) - NAV is an “Everyday Self-defense and Awareness Program. The class combines real-life examples and proven defensive tactics techniques to build confidence in each participant who attends the 4 hour program. Confidence, combined with a simple and effective method of defense, will help a participant to decide on a course of action to defend them or decide to walk away and avoid a likely encounter altogether.

*This class was offered during the Fall 2015 semester only.

CAMPUS SAFETY REVIEW/ CODE OF CONDUCT REVIEW - This is a 20-30 minute presentation given to incoming students who are first year and transfer students. This presentation addresses overall campus safety for students, drug and alcohol awareness, sexual harassment, assault prevention, and emergency preparedness procedures. This program is offered 25 - 30 times a year prior to the beginning of each semester. During 2015 approximately 3,000 students received this training.

MOUNTAIN LION WEEK - An interactive class presented to all incoming freshmen enrolled in the Gateway Program Seminar. This ninety-minute presentation provides information on discrimination and harassment, sexual assault, relationship violence, healthy relationships, staying safe on campus, drug and alcohol awareness, and bystander training. This presentation is also offered to all incoming transfer and graduate students not enrolled in the Gateway Program Seminar twice per semester.

ALCOHOL CHOICES - This is a 90 minute peer-facilitated class given 1-2 times per month during the Fall and Spring semesters for students who were referred by Residence Life and/or the Office of the Dean of Students for a first time alcohol violation. The program focuses on alcohol abuse prevention and harm reduction program for college students involving reflective journaling to reduce
their alcohol-related risk and harm.

**MARIJUANA CHOICES** – An individual 60-minute facilitated conversation for students with a first time marijuana violation who were referred by Residence Life and/or Dean of Students. The program focuses on harm and risk reduction.

**FRATERNITY AND SORORITY LIFE TRAININGS** – Offered once per semester, content includes: sexual assault and violence prevention, bystander training, alcohol and drug awareness, and discrimination and harassment.

**SIDNE (Simulated Impaired DrivNg Experience)** – SIDNE is a battery-powered vehicle that simulates alcohol and drug impairment for the driver. This program is given on-campus as well as to local high schools. We offer this program twice a year on campus, twice a year off-campus at local high schools, and twice a year at other off-site community locations.

**ALCOHOL AWARENESS SEMINAR** - This program emphasizes the personal effect of alcohol use through Fatal-Vision goggles as well as the legal implications. [http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/prevention/crime-prevention/alcohol-awareness-program.html](http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/prevention/crime-prevention/alcohol-awareness-program.html) This seminar is given several times per year and is also incorporated into the SIDNE seminars.

**BICYCLE SAFETY** – Police Officers assigned to the Police Mountain Bike Patrol offer classes on bicycle safety and skills to a variety of age groups to include pre-school and elementary age. This program is given once each summer at the on-campus day-care facility.

**SHOTS FIRED: When Lightning Strikes** - Public Safety personnel discuss with students, staff and faculty the issues surrounding an active shooter situation on a college campus. The cornerstone of this training is the “Shots Fired on Campus” DVD. This 20 minute video is also available for viewing on the Public Safety website. This video is shown during various emergency preparedness trainings on campus.

**THE DATING DOCTOR** - Sponsored by Student Life. David Coleman offers practical advice regarding safe dating, relationships, and strategies toward self-care. Offered at the beginning of the Fall semester.

**MAXIMIZE YOUR BUZZ** – Hosted by Office of Student Activities and the Dean of Students Office. Educates students on the dangers of high risk drinking, creative ways of saying no, and weighing out your choices when faced with that decision. It also offered significant data about college students, drug information, and how it relates to UCCS.

**ALCOHOL AWARENESS and VIOLENCE PREVENTION TABLING** - Hosted by Office of Student Activities. These programs are held 2 days prior to a campus dance party or music jam, etc. to educate students to the dangers of high risk drinking, how the feeling of intoxication can be perceived via intoxication goggles, and how judgment is impaired and will affect those around you. The program also discusses how to approach situations that contain violent acts toward one another and talks about how to be a bystander in those situations.

**NATIONAL COLLEGIATE ALCOHOL AWARENESS WEEK** – Series of tabling and student event on campus focusing on the campaign #makeSMARTchoices. The focus was to educate students to recognize the close connection between alcohol abuse and impaired driving and educate students of the consequences of drinking alcohol.

**BLACK-OUT WEEKEND** - Hosted by Student Life, Dean of Students Office and University Police. This event held early in the Spring semester to create a safe environment to help students celebrate the basketball season and to provide alternative activities and education. This event is alcohol free.

**MOCKTAILS** – Hosted 3 times in 2015 in conjunction with campus social events. This program focused on alcohol alternatives, standard drink information, and reducing impaired driving.
SAFE SPRING BREAK - Hosted by the THINK committee. This event held prior to spring break, provided education about drug and alcohol issues, sexual health, and general health information.

Bystander/Anti-Bullying Education Training Program – A training program hosted by the Greeks. This program was hosted by Office of Student Activities and the Greek life community for all of campus. It provided bystander training techniques, the dangers of bullying, data across the United States, and the importance of taking a stand while in college.

Osa Awareness Tabling - Tabling is a function of Student Life to host alcohol and drug information, provide educational interactive games regarding alcohol and drug safety practices, prior to large scale events and programs. These events are held eight times a year.

Club Orientation - This training hosted by the Student Life & Leadership conducts a power point presentation that is designed to educate student club leaders about policies, resources, best practices and reporting requirements related to club and event management. Training also includes a portion designed by the Dean of Students office detailing risk management procedures, alcohol and drug awareness and education surrounding sexual misconduct, discrimination, harassment, and hazing. This training is required of all new clubs and offered to all clubs members, particularly new officers.

Club Travel Training - Student Life and Leadership requires all students traveling on behalf of a UCCS Club or Organization to attend a travel training session with Student Life and Leadership and Dean of Students staff members. Trainings discuss the Student Code of Conduct; specifically expectations regarding alcohol, drugs, sexual misconduct and discrimination. This training also details reporting requirements and emergency procedures.

Safe Zone Training - This training is host by MOSAIC and is designed to educate UCCS students, faculty, and staff about lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender, and queer communities. Learning outcomes include awareness of: LGBTQ terminology, the coming out process, and beginner level strategies to being a supportive ally of the LGBTQ community. This training was offered 22 times in the calendar year 2015.

Condom Fashion Show - This event is hosted by the Wellness Center and MOSAIC. The event brings awareness to sexual assault (i.e., consent, anti-shaming, gender identity or expression). The mission of the event is to reduce stigma on purchasing or using condoms as a form of birth control and STI prevention. At the event there are tables of information for various on campus and off campus entities that educate students on health, resources, and safety.

Free HIV Testing - The Wellness Center partners with Colorado Health Network to provide rapid testing for HIV. This testing has been provided in the residence halls and at the Annual Health Fair. This event includes trivia about sexual health, STIs, proper usage of birth control, and information about alcohol as a date rape drug.

Health Fair - Hosted by the Wellness Center. The Health Fair is an annual event for the campus. The Wellness Center also provides information on sexual health, domestic violence, sexual assault exams, alcohol and drug use, along with campus and community resources that are available for these issues. A distracted driving crash car was also on site this year.

UCCS Wellness Center - Hosts presentations on safety related topics to the UCCS community. These presentations included: relationship violence, substance abuse, mental health crises and emergencies.

UCCS Wellness Center Tabling – The wellness Center does tabling throughout the year at many different events and locations around campus. This tabling includes, playing sexual health and safety trivia that includes facts about STL spread and prevention, birth control and safety.
NATIONAL TAKE BACK INITIATIVE - The U.S. Drug Enforcement Administration and participating local law enforcement agencies coordinate a nationwide drug “take-back” day every fall. This one-day event provides residents with no cost and anonymous collection of unwanted and expired medicines.

OFFICE OF INSTITUTIONAL EQUITY (OIE) - Conducts Title IX and SaVE compliant training for all incoming employees, both annually at New Faculty Orientation, and also during monthly session that are open to all new employees, both staff and faculty. The training is required for new employees. OIE also conducts ongoing annual, and sometimes more frequent trainings by request for professional and student staff within individual groups and departments, including Residential Life and Housing, Student Life and Leadership (including Greek Life), the University Center, the Recreation and Wellness Center, the Math Center, the Writing Center, the Communications Center, the Science Center, the Transportation and Parking departments, and for scholarship/mentor programs such as the Karen Possehl Scholarship Program and the UCCSLead Mentor Program. The training includes substantive information on sexual misconduct, including sexual assault, sexual exploitation, sexual harassment, domestic and dating violence, stalking, protected class discrimination/harassment and related retaliation, as well as policy information involving resolution/investigation procedures, reporting options (both confidential and non-confidential), evidence preservation, risk reduction techniques, bystander intervention options, signs of healthy vs. abusive relationships, mandatory reporting requirements, protective measures and accommodations, campus and community resources, and other topics.

OIE provides information on effective and safe bystander intervention techniques. OIE describes the positive effects of bystander intervention in various situations and trains how to intervene directly, or using delegation or distraction in the most effective ways possible. The training is accomplished using slides, multimedia, demonstration and role playing. OIE also trains students and employees on risk reduction techniques, focusing on awareness, planning and vigilance to protect themselves and others in various contexts.

RESIDENT ASSISTANT TRAINING - Each of the presentations is broken into two sessions. One session is for discussion on safety awareness and police interaction. The other session is for practical application in the field. The sessions are presented in the fall and spring semesters and presentation times average from two to four hours for each session. This training is presented twice a year.

RESIDENCE LIFE & HOUSING PROGRAMS - These programs are offered by Housing Staff.

SPRING PROGRAMS:

ACTIVE SHOOTER TRAINING – During this training they discuss resources and strategies to prevent, respond to, and recover from an active shooter or violent attack incident. Participants will have a better understanding of resources in place to prevent an incident, including all entities of the Department of Public Safety, the Student Response Team, and our UCCS community’s role in reporting suspicious or concerning behavior. They will learn the strategy of “Run. Hide. Fight.”, and how they might apply it to an incident. Lastly we discuss the methods and strategies the campus might apply in recovery following such an incident.

SAINT PATRICK’S DAY DRINKS – A program for housing residence to ask questions pertaining to their health and safety. Unprejudiced and unbiased, especially for any concerns regarding the health and safety inspections that took place during spring break. Health and safety facts were provided regarding residents being safe and responsible on St. Patrick’s Day during the Q&A session.

STI ADVENTURELAND – A program that gives the residents four different “Routes” that a person could take, each a different STI storyline where they would make a decision and read on to find out how their choice affected them.
RAD – (See page 20)

ACTIONS AND ALCOHOL – This program teaches residents about their actions when it comes to alcohol and consequences of their actions.

FALL PROGRAMS:

NETFLIX AND CHILL – This program is based around the idea of consent. The purpose is to inform the residents about what consent means and what does not count as consent. The idea of “Netflix and Chill” is a popular cultural term, however, unwanted sexual contact or harassment is very serious. Never a Victim (NAV) was discussed as well as general facts about the topic of consent.

BEER GOGGLE BOWLING – Residents wore beer goggles and attempted to knock over Red Solo Cups with a ball. This program demonstrates the effects of alcohol on their movement and vision.

CARDS AGAINST HUMANITY AND KOOl-AID – Residents played Cards Against Humanity and drank Kool-Aid while learning about safer and legal ways to spend their nights in college that do not include alcohol. This program also discussed safe drinking habits and laws such as having a designated driver and the Good Samaritan Law.

DRUNK OBSTACLE COURSE – Residents wore beer goggles that simulate drunken vision while they navigated an obstacle course.

HOUSE PARTY – A game night for the residents once they returned from winter break.

MOCKTAIL SAFETY - A program which centers around alcohol awareness.

PARTY WITH PUBLIC SAFETY (“POPO”) – A program that allows the residence to become more comfortable with the UCCS Police and the police answer any questions the residence had with alcohol safety.

SEPTEMBER SUBSTANCE AWARENESS – This programming was provided for the month of September. Resident Assistants (RA) team up with the Wellness Center and Public Safety to center awareness around alcohol safety, promoting safe sex, and the effects of marijuana.

SEX TALKS AND BLOW POPS – This program requires participates to write a “sex based” question on a sheet of paper that goes into a bucket. The RA reads the questions and has the residents answer them. This program is centered around bring awareness to sex education.

Respect on Campus – ROC/ Violence Prevention

This office raises awareness and increases knowledge about dating and domestic abuse, stalking and sexual assault with the goal to end a culture of violence. In accordance with the U.S. Office of Violence Against Women, ROC serves as a violence prevention program to the UCCS community (students and employees). ROC offers support group meetings, healthy relationship workshops and presentations, bystander intervention training, recognizing warning signs of abusive behavior education, student development events, campaigns and support, Military outreach, and much more.

ROC offers primary prevention programming and strategies to stop domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking through the changing of social norms and other approaches.
HEALTHY RELATIONSHIPS 101 - In recognition of Dating Violence Awareness Month, ROC teamed up with Planned Parenthood to put on a class on what it means to have healthy, happy relationships.

THE F WORD - ROC held a discussion on Feminism featuring a diverse panel of women who shared their experience and talked about issues that women face today.

TAKE BACK THE NIGHT - This event kicked off with both advocates and survivors talking about their difference experience with sexual violence. The attendees then rally and march across campus to make the cause visible to the campus community.

PRIVILEGE AMONG RAPE VICTIMS - Featuring Callie Rennison, Ph.D., University of Colorado Denver, ROC and the UCCS School of Public Affairs held an informative session looking at how intersectional marginalization affects victims of rape and sexual assault.

DENIM DAY 2015 - Denim Day 2015 was an international day of recognition to protest rape culture and destructive attitudes of sexual assault. Denim Day was originally triggered by an Italian Supreme Court ruling where a rape conviction was overturned because the justices felt that since the victim was wearing tight jeans she must have helped her rapist remove the jeans, thereby implying consent. The following day, the woman in the Italian Parliament wore jeans to stand in solidarity with the victim. UCCS students, staff and facility wore denim on April 29th to stand up to rape culture and show their support for survivors of sexual assault.

SEXUAL ASSAULT AWARENESS PANEL - ROC and a wide array of other campus programs help the students to learn about sexual assault, the reporting process, services available on campus, and more.

WALK A MILE IN HER SHOES - The event was hosted by Fort Carson (ACS/FAP), the University of Colorado (UCCS), Pikes Peak Community College, and the UCCS ROC program. A Walk a Mile in Her Shoes Event is abundant with opportunities to get people talking. For preventive education, it helps men better understand and appreciate women experiences, thus changing perspectives, helping improve gender relationships and decreasing the potential for violence. For healing, it informs the community that services are available for recovery. It demonstrates that men are willing and able to be courageous partners with women in making the world a safer place.

SURVIVOR SPEAK OUT - This event is an awareness event for Domestic Violence Awareness Month where we had a panel of survivors of sexual assault and domestic violence speak about their experiences, and all in attendance were able to learn more about the prevention of sexual assault and domestic violence.

“1,000 VOICES” SCREENING - In recognition of Native American Heritage Month, ROC partnered with UCCS Woman’s and Ethnic Studies and UCCS MOSAIC to present a screening of the film “1,000 Voices,” a film that features Native woman who explain the history of gender in Native societies and how Western gender roles were forces on Native cultures by colonial powers. The film was followed by a discussion led by Native American faculty from UCCS.

THE FOLLOWING SEMINARS ARE AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST:

- Overall Safety Seminars - These seminars have included Winter Driving Tips, Fire Safety, and Personal Risk Management
- Robbery Prevention - This seminar gives tips on how to survive armed robbery and be a good witness. This seminar is given to cashiers and those who handle cash. This seminar presentation averages two times per semester.
- Dealing with Difficult People - This presentation is given to campus departments who are customer-
oriented and provides them information and tips on how to deal with angry and disruptive customers. This program averages four times each year.

**Security Surveys** - University police evaluate a facility's physical security and makes recommendations for improvements. This program averages twice a year.

**Drug and Alcohol Information Seminars** - These talks cover recognition of Controlled substances, the effect on people, and what to do if one suspects that someone is using or selling drugs. This seminar is presented twice a semester and only available upon request.

**Risky Business** - Interactive presentation on personal responsibility and awareness. Discusses acquaintance rape, prevention techniques, predatory drugs and what to do if you become a victim.

**Drug Information Seminars** - These talks cover recognition of controlled substances, their effects on people, and what to do if one suspects that someone is using or selling drugs.

**Personal Safety on Campus** - This program, usually given to small groups, covers ways to avoid being the victim of a physical or sexual assault.

**EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS:**

**AMERICAN RED CROSS CPR and First Aid** - This is a four-hour class and participants will be certified for two years in CPR and First Aid. These classes are open to the campus and local community. This class is offered twice in the Fall and Spring semester and once in the summer semester, it is also available upon request.

**Emergency Preparedness/Readiness Training** - This seminar looks at the weather-related and man-made hazards that exist in Colorado and on any college campus. The discussion ranges from lightning, major accidents, evacuation, shelter in place, dangerous weapons on campus, active shooter, behavioral intervention, emergency notification, situational awareness, and may include several hands-on exercises. Recipients of this training include Residence Life and individual departments.

**Floor Coordinator Training** - Public Safety personnel put campus floor coordinators through their paces. This training is designed to provide coordinators with additional knowledge about evacuations, sheltering in place, and appropriate response to emergency situations. This training is provided no less than once per year.

**Lab Safety Training** - There are 2 levels of this course. The basic level is for students enrolled in a laboratory class. They take a short on-line course designed to make them aware of the hazards present in a laboratory situation and how to respond to an emergency in the laboratory environment. The advanced level is taken by everyone who works (including student employees, volunteers, graduate students, etc.) in a laboratory environment. It goes into greater depth about the hazards present in laboratory settings. It covers both hazardous materials and physical hazards. It goes into greater detail about emergency response during a laboratory incident. It also covers instructor and researcher responsibilities associated with supervising the safety of those students either enrolled in a course or working in a research laboratory.

In addition to the above programs, information is disseminated to students and employees through crime prevention awareness packets, security alert posters, displays, videos, and articles and advertisements in university and student newspapers. Consult the UCCS on-line events calendar or see the posted daily event schedule in the University Center. The student newspaper, SCRIBE also talks about scheduled topics and times.
7. MISSING STUDENT POLICY

If a member of the University community has reason to believe that a student who resides in on-campus housing is missing (missing at least 24 hours), he or she should immediately notify the University Police at (719) 255-3111 (3111 from an on-campus phone). UCCS Police will generate a missing person report and initiate an investigation. UCCS Police will also immediately notify the Office of Resident Life and Housing of the missing person report. In the event the Office of Residence Life and Housing is notified directly by a community member that one of the resident students has been missing for more than 24 hours, they will immediately notify the University Police.

The Office of Residence Life and Housing will cooperate fully with the University Police in their investigation, which will include interviewing roommates, floor mates, student staff, etc. The Office of Residence Life and Housing will also conduct a “Health and Safety” entry into the suite and room of the reported missing student.

While completing the electronic housing application, students are given the option to identify a contact person (in addition to registering an emergency contact) who the Office of Residence Life and Housing shall notify if the student is determined missing by the University Police or other law enforcement agency. This additional contact information will be:

- Confidential and kept separately from the housing application
- Accessible only to authorized campus officials and law enforcement
- May not be disclosed outside of a missing person investigation

If after investigating the missing person report the University Police determines the student is missing and has been missing for more than 24 hours, the University Police will then notify surrounding law enforcement agencies and will have the Office of Residence Life and Housing call the student’s contact person no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing.

If the missing student is under the age of 18 and is not an emancipated individual, the Office of Residence Life and Housing will notify the designated contact person and the parent or legal guardian no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing.

8. SEXUAL MISCONDUCT POLICY

Title IX Coordinator, Julia Paris
OFFICE OF INSTITUTIONAL EQUITY
ACAD 106
(719) 255-4324
Jparis5@uccs.edu
equity@uccs.edu
http://www.uccs.edu/~equity/

The Title IX Coordinator and the Office of Institutional Equity (OIE) investigate and resolve matters involving allegations of sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination and harassment, and related retaliation. All allegations of harassment or discrimination by faculty, staff or students are handled by the Title IX Coordinator/OIE. Anyone who believes that he or she has experienced or witnessed sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination, harassment or related retaliation should promptly report such behavior to the Title IX Coordinator/OIE. The Title IX Coordinator/OIE may appoint an investigator to conduct the investigations.

The CU Sexual Misconduct Policy prohibits sexual misconduct, including sexual assault—nonconsensual sexual intercourse, sexual assault—nonconsensual sexual contact, sexual exploitation, sexual harassment, intimate partner abuse (including domestic and dating violence) gender/sex-based stalking, and any related retaliation.
Consistent with the Regent Policy 1C, Principles of Ethical Behavior, The University of Colorado recognizes that people are the most important resource in accomplishing its mission in the areas of teaching, research, community service, and patient care. The University of Colorado values academic freedom, diversity, and respect for all persons. In accordance with Regent Law Article 10, The university is committed to the principle of non-discrimination and does not tolerate harassment on any basis, including race, color, national origin, sex, pregnancy, age, disability, creed, religion, sexual orientation, gender identify, gender expression, veteran status, political affiliation, or political philosophy. University employees are expected to treat colleagues, co-workers, and students with respect, professionalism, and dignity in all interactions and communications.

Sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination and harassment, and related retaliation may occur between any combinations of members of the campus community: student, faculty member, staff member and administrator, and among individuals of any combination of gender, gender identity or expression, or sexual orientation. It is intended that individuals who violate this policy be disciplined or subjected to corrective action, up to and including termination or expulsion.

For more information on these policies, please contact the Office of Institutional Equity at 719-255-4324 or email: equity@uccs.edu.

a. UCCS Student Code of Conduct

The Student Code of Conduct prohibits any form of sexual misconduct, harassment and discrimination. Procedures can be found at the OIE website http://www.uccs.edu/~equity or the Office of the Dean of Students website http://www.uccs.edu/dos.

b. Violence Free Campus

UCCS does not tolerate behavior, whether direct or indirect, that is violent, threatens violence, harasses or intimidates others, or is disruptive to the work or educational environment or UCCS’s ability to provide services to the public (“Violent Behavior”). Violent behavior can include: physical acts, oral or written statements (including emails, text messages, and postings on social media sites), gestures, or expressions. Individuals who engage in violent behavior may be excluded from campus or campus events, and may be subject to disciplinary action including suspension, dismissal, or termination from employment. All UCCS Faculty, Staff, Students and Administrators are responsible to abide by UCCS Violence Free Campus policy: http://www.uccs.edu/Documents/vcaf/policies/100-007ViolenceFreeCampusRev10412.pdf. This policy prohibits violent behavior in the UCCS campus community and provides procedures to follow in reporting violent behavior, concerns about situations which could become violent and reporting discrimination and harassment. To report emergency or life-threatening violent behavior, emerging or potential threats occurring on campus, call the UCCS Department of Public Safety by dialing (719) 255-3111. Anonymous reports of violent behavior may be made through CU Ethicspoint. This third-party service can be reached by calling (800) 677-5590 or online at https://secure.ethicspoint.com/domain/en/report_custom.asp?clientid=14973. Do not use this site to report events presenting an immediate threat to life or property. Reports submitted through this service may not receive an immediate response.

c. Statement Addressing Responding to Sexual Misconduct

The University recognizes that sexual assault is against the law, is prohibited by the CU Sexual Misconduct Policy, and will not tolerate such acts on campus. The University Police will investigate all allegations of on-campus sexual assault and will take appropriate criminal or legal action. If you become the victim of a sexual assault, your first priority should be to get to a place of safety. It is important that you seek help immediately.

The University will respond to allegations/reports involving sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination/harassment and related retaliation by conducting investigations or resolutions and/or providing protective measures as described in the CU Sexual Misconduct Policy, UCCS Discrimination and Harassment Policy and the Office of Institutional Equity Process and Procedures.

To report emergency or life-threatening violent behavior occurring on campus, or an emerging or potential threat is a non-emergency situation, but a situation in which an individual has reason to believe may become violent, call the UCCS Department of Public Safety by dialing (719) 255-3111. Reports of sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination/harassment or related retaliation should be made to the Title IX Coordinator at (719) 255-4324. To report any medical emergencies occurring on campus, call 911 from a campus phone. Using the campus phone will simultaneously alert the Department of Public Safety.

**Sexual Assault** is knowingly inflicting sexual intrusion or sexual penetration on a victim, whether by an acquaintance or by a stranger, that occurs without indication of consent of both individuals, or that occurs under threat or coercion. Sexual assault can occur either forcibly and/or against a person’s will, or when a person is incapable of giving consent. A person is legally incapable of giving consent if intoxicated by drugs and/or alcohol; if developmentally disabled; or if temporarily or permanently mentally or physically unable to do so.

The majority of sexual assaults that occur in campus communities are committed by people known by their victims, such as casual acquaintances through academic, living, work, social, or recreational interactions, including dating. Often, these types of assaults are not reported to University Police or available victim service agencies because people do not think that when a friend or acquaintance subjects them to unwanted sexual intercourse or contact, this is sexual assault. Victims should report any incident of sexual assault or attempted sexual assault immediately to University Police Department at (719) 255-3111, or by dialing ‘911’ from any campus telephone. The University Police will investigate all allegations of sexual assault and will take appropriate criminal or appropriate investigatory action.

d. Procedures victims should follow if a sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, discrimination or related retaliation occurs:

1. If you are the victim of a sexual misconduct and there is immediate danger, get to a safe place and call the UCCS PD immediately at (719) 255-3111. If you are the victim of a sexual assault off campus, call the police by dialing 9-1-1.

2. Contact someone you trust to be with you and support you: a family member, friend, roommate, etc.

3. For your safety and well-being, immediate medical attention is encouraged. Further, being examined as soon as possible, ideally within 120 hours, is important in the case of known or suspected sexual assault. University or city police will transport you to an area hospital where only qualified medical professionals will examine and collect evidence from your person.

The hospital will arrange for a specific medical examination. To preserve evidence, it is recommended that you do not bathe, shower, douche, eat, drink, smoke, brush your teeth, urinate, defecate or change clothes before that exam. While it is recognized that this is a normal reaction on the part of most sexual assault victims, it will destroy vital evidence necessary in prosecuting the criminal offense. Even if you have already taken any of these actions, you are still encouraged to have prompt medical care. Additionally, you are encouraged to gather bedding, linens or unlaundered clothing and any other pertinent articles that may be used for evidence. Secure them in a clean paper bag or clean sheet. In addition, trained rape crisis counselors may be called to assist you and provide you with counseling and support.

Time is a critical factor for evidence collection and preservation. An assault should be reported directly to the UCCS PD, CSPD, other appropriate local police agency, or to a Residence Life and Housing staff member. UCCS personnel will assist any victim of sexual assault in reporting the crime to the proper authorities. Filing
a police report with a UCCS police officer will not obligate the victim to prosecute, nor will it subject the victim to scrutiny or judgmental opinions from officers. Filing a police report will:

- ensure that a victim of sexual assault receives the necessary medical treatment and tests. Collection of physical evidence is of no cost to the victim, whether they choose to file charges or not.
- provide the opportunity for collection of evidence helpful in prosecution, which cannot be obtained later.
- ensure that the victim has access to confidential counseling from counselors specifically trained in the area of sexual assault crisis intervention.

4. You will be treated with fairness, respect, and dignity during all phases of the criminal justice process. Both the UCCS PD and the local law enforcement will keep you informed during all phases of the case including investigation, filing of charges, prosecution, trial and sentencing.

5. Consider securing immediate professional support to assist you in the crisis. University personnel in counseling, student support services, and student life are available to assist you in reporting a crime to the police, upon request. Even after the immediate crisis has passed, consider seeking support from the Wellness Center (719) 255-4444 or the Rape Crisis Center (719) 633-3819.

6. Contact the UCCS PD at (719) 255-3111 if you need assistance with other concerns, such as no-contact orders or other protective measures. The UCCS PD will also assist in any needed advocacy for those who wish to obtain protective or restraining orders with local authorities.

e. Information on options to notify authorities

Reporting an incident of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking is a difficult yet important decision. Making a report might help with recovery, provide support and services, and prevent the offender from assaulting someone else. If safety is your primary concern, it is important to contact the UCCS PD at (719) 255-3111. If you are the victim of a sexual assault in the City of Colorado Springs, you can call the city police by dialing 9-1-1.

The victim of an alleged sexual assault, a threatened sexual assault, or other sexual misconduct including domestic violence, dating violence or stalking has several options, described below, that may be pursued individually or in combination with other options:

1. To report the matter to the UCCS Police, the Colorado Springs Police Department ("CSPD"), or other appropriate local police agency. UCCS Police can assist you with reporting the matter to CSPD and can give you additional information on the criminal investigation and prosecution process, including information on obtaining a restraining order through the El Paso County Court system. If reporting a matter, you will be interviewed by a police investigator. If the case proceeds, you may be required to testify in court. CSPD has a victim's advocate who may assist you if that occurs.

2. To get a Sexual Assault Nurse Exam (SANE) for the preservation of forensic evidence after a suspected sexual assault. You can get a SANE at Memorial Hospital, 1400 E. Boulder St., in Colorado Springs. You may get an exam without filing a police report. It is important to preserve evidence, even if you do not presently intend to pursue a criminal investigation.

3. To report the matter to the UCCS Title IX Coordinator, at 719-255-4324 or equity@uccs.edu. The Title IX Coordinator will discuss with you your options, including the best method of addressing the matter, and will talk with you about receiving protective measures. The Title IX Coordinator will evaluate any requests for confidentiality that you make while considering potential safety risks to the campus. In some cases, the University is obligated to respond to an allegation regardless of your wishes, but your participation in an investigation is always voluntary. If the Title IX Coordinator is able to honor your request for confidentiality, it may limit the University's ability to respond effectively. If you choose to report this matter, you can expect:
a. To be interviewed by the Title IX Coordinator and possibly a University investigator;

b. To have the opportunity to bring an advisor of your choice (who is not a potential witness) to any meeting, to be allowed to submit evidence and request that certain individuals be interviewed, and to be notified of the outcome at the same time that the other party is notified.

c. To discuss and receive any appropriate protective measures, such as academic accommodations, housing reassignments, no-contact orders, work arrangements, counseling referrals or others.

d. To make an impact statement to the other party's disciplinary authority for the purposes of determining sanctions, should a policy violation be found.

e. That the incident may be referred for criminal prosecution independent of the institution's internal process.

4. To talk about the matter confidentially to the UCCS Wellness Center at 719-255-4444. You may still be able to receive some protective measures without officially reporting the matter or participating in an investigation. You may also get immediate crisis counseling (24 hours a day) by contacting TESSA, a local sexual assault/domestic violence support and advocacy agency, at (719) 633-3819.

5. You also have the right to decline to notify authorities. Victims are not required to report an incident to law enforcement authorities, but campus authorities will assist victims who wish to do so. A student wishing to officially report such an incident to campus authorities (rather than law enforcement) may do so by contacting the Title IX Coordinator at 719-255-4324. Anyone with knowledge about a sexual assault is encouraged to report it immediately. "Responsible employees" of UCCS are required to report any information regarding potential sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination/harassment or related retaliation, to the Title IX Coordinator at 719-255-4324.

a. A "Responsible Employee" is any employee who: (1) has the authority to hire, promote, discipline, evaluate, grade, formally advise or direct faculty, staff or students; (2) has the authority to take action to redress sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination/harassment or related retaliation; and/or (3) has been given the duty of reporting incidents of sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination/harassment or related retaliation to the Title IX Coordinator. This definition does not include any medical mental health, counseling or ombudsman office personnel, in addition to any other offices covered by a statutory privilege or designated in campus procedures as not subject to mandatory reporting to the university.

f. Procedures for addressing and investigating sexual misconduct, sexual harassment, discrimination or related retaliation and disciplinary action.

Procedurally, when UCCS receives a report of sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination/harassment or related retaliation, the campus Title IX Coordinator will be notified. If the victim wishes to access local community agencies and/or law enforcement for support, UCCS will assist the victim in making these contacts.

When an individual notifies the Title IX Coordinator/Office of Institutional Equity -OIE- (either directly or through a responsible employee, advocate, third party or other) that they have experienced conduct prohibited by these policies, the OIE will provide assistance as needed (and whether or not there is a formal report or participation in an investigation) in accessing on and off campus services, including but not limited to counseling, health services, mental health services, victim advocacy, legal assistance, visa and immigration services, and/or the availability of forensic sexual assault nurse exams ("SANE"). For a written summary of options and resources available to any victim of sexual misconduct please refer to www.uccs.edu/~equity/.
Each party, whether a reporting party (complainant) or a responding party (respondent), may have an advisor of his or her choice present during any interview, which can include, but is not limited to an attorney or advocate. Advisors are not authorized to speak or participate instead of the complainant or respondent. If a complainant or respondent chooses to have an advisor present for interviews, it is the complainant or respondent's obligation to select an advisor whose schedule allows attendance within the timeframes designated; advisors may not be potential witnesses in the investigation and must be identified to the OIE at least 24 hours prior to any meeting where they may be present.

If a student or employee requires an accommodation to participate in an investigation (such as an accessible meeting location or a sign language interpreter) under the UCCS Disability Access and Accommodation Policy 300-021, [http://www.uccs.edu/Documents/vcaf/policies/2014/300-021Disability(0).pdf](http://www.uccs.edu/Documents/vcaf/policies/2014/300-021Disability(0).pdf), that student or employee should contact the Office of Institutional Equity to request such accommodation.

Complainants who are interested in obtaining an Order of Protection, or any other order issued by a court must pursue those options on their own behalf. Restraining orders are obtained through the El Paso County Courthouse. More information on obtaining a restraining order in Colorado is located at [http://www.courts.state.co.us/userfiles/File/Media/Brochures/restraining.pdf](http://www.courts.state.co.us/userfiles/File/Media/Brochures/restraining.pdf). UCCS complies with Colorado law in recognizing orders of protection. Any person who obtains an order of protection from Colorado or any other state should provide a copy to the UCCS Police Department and the Director of OIE. No victim is required to take advantage of these services and resources, but UCCS provides them in the hope of offering help and support. A summary of rights and options is provided to all victims. The victim will be connected with a counselor on- or off-campus, should he or she wish.

The Title IX Coordinator will offer appropriate assistance to victims in the form of opportunities for academic accommodations, changes in working situations and other assistance as may be appropriate and available (such as no-contact orders, Wellness Center referrals, campus escorts, targeted interventions, etc.). Options can also be discussed for managing academic issues while maintaining privacy as sometimes experiencing a sexual assault or other form of sexual misconduct can compromise concentration, ability to focus on school, or feeling able to get to class. With the assistance of the Office of Residence Life and Housing, options can be discussed for a change of housing, for individuals who live in UCCS Housing.

If a report or complaint of sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination/harassment or related retaliation is made to the Title IX Coordinator, the Title IX Coordinator will determine the most appropriate means for addressing the report or complaint. Options for resolution include: 1) formally investigating the report or complaint; 2) resolving the situation through an informal resolution process, which may include education for the respondent, protective measures for the complainant, mediation, or other methods; or 3) determining that the facts of the complaint or report, even if true, would not constitute a violation of the applicable policy.

If the individual would still like to maintain privacy and does not wish for the OIE to investigate or address the matter, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will weigh and determine that request against the University's obligation to provide a safe, nondiscriminatory environment for all students, faculty, and staff. In making that determination, the Title IX Coordinator or designee will consider a range of factors, including the following:

- The seriousness of the alleged conduct;
- The increased risk that the alleged respondent will commit additional acts of prohibited conduct or acts of sexual or other violence;
- Whether the alleged respondent threatened further prohibited conduct, sexual or other violence against the alleged complainant or others;
- Whether there have been other misconduct complaints about the same alleged respondent or if the respondent has a known history of arrests or records from a prior school indicating a history of prohibited conduct, sexual or other violence;
- The existence of multiple alleged complainants and/or respondents;
• Whether the conduct was facilitated by the incapacitation of the complainant (through alcohol, drugs, disability, unconsciousness or other means);

• Whether the alleged conduct was perpetrated with a weapon or other violent means;

• Whether the alleged complainant is a minor;

• Whether the alleged conduct reveals a pattern of perpetration (by the alleged respondent, by a particular group or organization, around a particular recurring event of activity, and/or a particular location);

• Whether any other aggravating circumstances or signs of predatory behavior are present; or

• Whether the University possesses other means to obtain relevant evidence of the alleged conduct (e.g., security cameras or personnel, physical evidence).

The Title IX Coordinator or designee's decision will be conducted on a case by case basis after an individualized review and the Title IX Coordinator or designee may consult with other University officials as appropriate including but not limited to the University Colorado Colorado Springs Police Department, the Student Response Team and/or the Human Resources Behavior Intervention Team. If the University honors the individual's request for privacy, the University's ability to meaningfully investigate the incident and pursue disciplinary action, if appropriate, may be limited.

The OIE may determine that the most prompt and effective way to address a concern is through the informal resolution process. The primary focus during an informal resolution remains the welfare of the complainant and the safety of the campus community, but it does not involve a written report or a determination as to whether a policy has been violated. This type of approach provides the University with a "remedies-based" resolution option that allows the University to tailor responses to the unique facts and circumstances of an incident, particularly in cases where there is not a broader threat to individual or campus safety. In these cases, the OIE may do one or more of the following:

• Provide interim or long-term remedial measures to complainant that does not require notification to the respondent;

• Provide targeted or broad-based educational programming or training; and/or

• Meet with the respondent to (1) discuss the behavior as alleged and provide an opportunity to respond; (2) review prohibited conduct policies as applicable; (3) identify and discuss appropriate conduct and behaviors moving forward and how to avoid behavior that could be interpreted as retaliatory; (4) follow-up with the complainant regarding the respondent's responses if appropriate; and (5) notify the DOS or the respondent's supervisor of the allegations and responses if necessary, who will determine whether any other disciplinary action is appropriate.

Although mediation may be appropriate as an additional resolution option for many allegations of prohibited conduct, it is not appropriate for allegations of sexual assault or other serious cases.

In a formal investigation of a sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination/harassment or retaliation case, investigators will follow the procedure outlined in the CU Sexual Misconduct Policy, the UCCS Discrimination and Harassment Policy, and the UCCS Office of Institutional Equity Process and Procedures, which can be found at the following links, respectively: http://www.cu.edu/ope/aps/5014, http://www.uccs.edu/Documents/vcat/policies/2014/300-017DisHar.pdf, and http://www.uccs.edu/~equity/. Parties may appeal the findings of the investigation on limited grounds described in the UCCS Process and Procedures. There may be an appeal for the sanctions imposed, depending on the policies of the appointing/disciplinary authority.
All reports or complaints will be provided for in a prompt, fair, and impartial investigation and resolution. Investigations may lead to the imposition of sanctions, based upon a preponderance of evidence (what is more likely than not), upon a respondent. Proceedings shall be conducted by officials who receive annual training on the issues related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking and how to conduct an investigation that protects the safety of victims and promotes accountability. The accuser and the accused are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present during an institutional disciplinary proceeding, including the opportunity to be accompanied to any related meeting or proceeding by an advisor of their choice. The Title IX Coordinator is ultimately responsible for assuring in all cases that the behavior is brought to an end. UCCS acts to reasonably prevent its recurrence and the effects on the victim and the community are remedied.

The investigation and resolution conducted by UCCS are maintained confidentially. Information is shared internally between administrators who need to know, but a tight circle is kept. Where information must be shared to permit the investigation to move forward, the complainant will be informed. Privacy of the records specific to the investigation is maintained in accordance with Colorado law and the federal Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 (FERPA) statute. Any public release of information to comply with the timely warning provisions of the Jeanne Clery Act will not release the names of victims or information that could easily lead to a victim’s identification. The University supports the use of confidential resources so that victims can provide information confidentially and still receive certain remedial and/or protective measures as appropriate through the Title IX Coordinator or designee. Communications with these confidential resources are confidential to the extent permitted by statutory law. The University will maintain as confidential any accommodations or protective measures provided to the victim, to the extent that maintaining such confidentiality would not impair the ability of the University to provide accommodations or protective measures.

In any complaint of sexual assault, stalking, dating violence, domestic violence or other behavior covered under the federal law, Title IX, the reporting/complaining parties and the responding parties are entitled to the same opportunities for a support person or advisor of their choice at any meeting. Once complete, the parties will be informed, in writing, of the outcome, including the finding and the rationale therefor. Both parties will also be notified in writing of any sanctions, after the conduct process is concluded. Delivery of these outcomes will not be delayed to either party, and should occur as nearly simultaneously as possible, without unnecessarily bringing those in conflict into close proximity to each other.

All parties will be informed of their rights during an investigation. Generally, sexual misconduct investigations will be completed within 60 days and protected class discrimination and harassment investigations will be completed within 90 days. Should any delay occur, all parties will be informed in writing as soon as is practical, and will be notified when the results of the resolution process become final.

g. Sanctions that may be imposed following disciplinary proceedings.

An individual who is found to have committed sexual assault or other sexual misconduct, on or off-campus, is subject to suspension, expulsion, or dismissal, in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct http://www.uccs.edu/dos/student-conduct.html through the Office of the Dean of Students (if the individual is a student) or the relevant department disciplinary policies (if the individual is an employee). For offenses including sexual misconduct (including sexual assault, domestic or dating violence, stalking, and other conduct), protected class discrimination/harassment, or related retaliation, sanctions range from education through suspension/expulsion or dismissal. This range may include: educational sanctions, residence hall reassignment or termination, restriction of University services, prohibition of participation in certain University activities, probation, suspension, and expulsion. The CU Sexual Misconduct Policy and the UCCS Discrimination and Harassment Policy prohibit retaliation for reporting information or participation in an investigation. Discipline is determined by a respondent’s disciplinary authority, and not by OIE or the Title IX Coordinator. The Office of the Dean of Students is the disciplinary authority for all student respondents.

Sanctions imposed must be based upon a consideration of all the circumstances in a particular case, mitigating and aggravating circumstances may be considered. Repeated violations are likely to result in progressively severe sanctions and one or more may be imposed. It is important to note that in all cases, the conduct officer reserves the right to use his or her discretion in determining the appropriate sanction for a
case. All decisions regarding responsibility and appropriate sanctions will be given in writing. Both the complainant and the respondent have the right to meet with the conduct officer, give an impact statement, or discuss mitigating factors for the purposes of influencing the sanctions, and shall be informed of the outcome of the corrective action or disciplinary process. A student respondent who is sanctioned may appeal a conduct determination which will consist of a review of the existing record by a different authority, in accordance with the process outlined in the UCCS Student Code of Conduct. The ability of an employee respondent who is sanctioned to appeal will be determined by specific departmental policies.

Upon request, the University will disclose the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the institution against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of any crime of violence or a non-forcible sex offense to the alleged victim, or the next of kin, if the victim is deceased.

h. Support for Victims, Victim Assistance

Students who are victims of sexual offenses have access to various confidential counseling options with staff that are specifically trained in the area of sexual offenses and crisis intervention. Victims of sexual offenses can be seen confidentially through the Wellness Center. Appointments can be made by calling the Wellness Center at (719) 255-4444 or by coming to the Recreation and Wellness Center in person. Normal clinical service hours are 8am - 5pm Monday through Friday. If you are in a crisis after normal business hours, please contact the Department of Public Safety at (719) 255-3111 (if on campus) or contact the AspenPointe Mental Health Crisis Line at (719) 635-7000. Consultations are available by appointment or by phone. For any concerns that aren't immediate please contact the Wellness Center via email at wellness@uccs.edu.

There are a number of options and rights that victims/survivors have available to them should they choose to report sexual misconduct to their school. These include:

- Being informed of available grievance procedures, how to file a formal complaint within the institution, being provided with a clear and complete explanation of the complaint process, being provided with information on the protocol for reporting to campus police, being provided with the police protocol once information is received.
- Being provided with appropriate referral (with victim/survivor's permission) to the Office of Institutional Equity, responsible for investigation of employee sexual misconduct, if the perpetrator is a faculty or staff member.
- Being informed that their identity will remain confidential unless they are willing to reveal identity through a formal complaint. Being informed of the institution's confidentiality policy, reporting requirements, and opportunity for anonymous reporting.
- Providing an anonymous report of the incident, date and location for Clery Act reporting (the Clery Act is a federal law that requires anonymous statistical reporting of a number of crimes including sexual misconduct. The numbers appear in an annual crime report).

Individuals who are victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking (and those accused of the above) are entitled to the following, regardless of whether the victim chooses to report the crime to campus police or local law enforcement or whether the offense occurred on or off campus:

- Assistance with changes in on-campus housing and academic arrangements as needed
- Assistance in changing working situations
- To be informed of the status of the case at any time
- To have counsel or a support person present throughout the investigation
- A timely adjudication process without unnecessary delays
- To have a closed/confidential investigation
- To be informed of the outcome of the investigation
Training, Education and Awareness Programs

The OIE, in conjunction with other offices such as the Office of the Dean of Students, the Gateway Program Seminar, and the Office of First Year Experience, conduct in-person Title IX and SaVE compliant training with all incoming first-year students. The training for first-year students is mandatory and is part of the required first-year Gateway Program Seminar course. The training is also offered to all transfer students. OIE conducts Title IX and SaVE compliant training for all incoming employees, both annually at New Faculty Orientation, and also during monthly session that are open to all new employees, both staff and faculty. The training is required for new employees. OIE also conducts ongoing annual, and sometimes more frequent trainings by request for professional and student staff within individual groups and departments, including Residential Life and Housing, Student Life and Leadership (including Greek Life), the University Center, the Recreation and Wellness Center, the Math Center, the Writing Center, the Communications Center, the Science Center, the Transportation and Parking departments, and for scholarship/mentor programs such as the Karen Possehl Scholarship Program and the UCCSLead Mentor Program. OIE also conducts targeted training arising out of a finding of policy violation or inappropriate conduct on the part of a student or employee. The training includes substantive information on sexual misconduct, including sexual assault, sexual exploitation, sexual harassment, domestic and dating violence, stalking, protected class discrimination/harassment and related retaliation, as well as policy information involving resolution/investigation procedures, reporting options (both confidential and non-confidential), evidence preservation, risk reduction techniques, bystander intervention options, signs of healthy vs. abusive relationships, mandatory reporting requirements, protective measures and accommodations, campus and community resources, and other topics.

Within these training programs, OIE provides information on effective and safe bystander intervention techniques. OIE cautions students and employees that bystander intervention must only be engaged in when an individual does not feel his or her safety is at risk in doing so. OIE describes the positive effects of bystander intervention in various situations and trains how to intervene directly, or using delegation or distraction in the most effective ways possible. The training is accomplished using slides, multimedia, demonstration and role playing. OIE also trains students and employees on risk reduction techniques, focusing on awareness, planning and vigilance to protect themselves and others in various contexts.

Selected Colorado Criminal Definitions

In Colorado, the criminal definitions of sexual assault, domestic violence (which also includes dating violence) and stalking are distinctly different from some of the definitions outlined in university policy. Below are the relevant sections of the Colorado Criminal Code that demonstrate these differences.

Definition of Consent - Colorado Revised Statute § 18-3-401

(1.5) "Consent" for sexual activity means cooperation in act or attitude pursuant to an exercise of free will and with knowledge of the nature of the act. A current or previous relationship shall not be sufficient to constitute consent. Submission under the influence of fear shall not constitute consent.

Definition of Sexual Assault - Colorado Revised Statute § 18-3-402

(1) Any actor who knowingly inflicts sexual intrusion or sexual penetration on a victim commits sexual assault if: The actor causes submission of the victim by means of sufficient consequences reasonably calculated to cause submission against the victim's will;

a) The actor knows that the victim is incapable of appraising the nature of the victim's conduct; or
b) The actor knows that the victim submits erroneously, believing the actor to be the victim's spouse; or

c) At the time of the commission of the act, the victim is less than fifteen years of age and the actor is at least four years older than the victim and is not the spouse of the victim; or

d) At the time of the commission of the act, the victim is at least fifteen years of age but less than seventeen years of age and the actor is at least ten years older than the victim and is not the spouse of the victim; or

e) The victim is in custody of law or detained in a hospital or other institution and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over the victim and uses this position of authority, unless incident to a lawful search, to coerce the victim to submit; or

f) The actor, while purporting to offer a medical service, engages in treatment or examination of a victim for other than bona fide medical purposes or in a manner substantially inconsistent with reasonable medical practices; or

g) The victim is physically helpless and the actor knows the victim is physically helpless and the victim has not consented.

**Definition of Unlawful Sexual Contact - Colorado Revised Statute § 18-3-404**

(1) Any actor who knowingly subjects a victim to any sexual contact commits unlawful sexual contact if:

a) The actor knows that the victim does not consent; or

b) The actor knows that the victim is incapable of appraising the nature of the victim's conduct; or

c) The victim is physically helpless and the actor knows that the victim is physically helpless and the victim has not consented; or

d) The actor has substantially impaired the victim's power to appraise or control the victim's conduct by employing, without the victim's consent, any drug, intoxicant, or other means for the purpose of causing submission; or

e) The victim is in custody of law or detained in a hospital or other institution and the actor has supervisory or disciplinary authority over the victim and uses this position of authority, unless incident to a lawful search, to coerce the victim to submit; or

f) The actor engages in treatment or examination of a victim for other than bona fide medical purposes or in a manner substantially inconsistent with reasonable medical practices.

(1.5) Any person who knowingly, with or without sexual contact, induces or coerces a child by any of the means set forth in section 18-3-402 to expose intimate parts or to engage in any sexual contact, intrusion, or penetration with another person, for the purpose of the actor's own sexual gratification, commits unlawful sexual contact. For the purposes of this subsection (1.5), the term "child" means any person under the age of eighteen years.

**Definition of Domestic Violence - Colorado Revised Statute § 18-6-800.3 (1)-(2)**

Domestic violence means an act or threatened act of violence upon a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship. Intimate relationship means a relationship between spouses, former
spouses, past or present unmarried couples, or persons who are both the parents of the same child regardless of whether the persons have been married or have lived together at any time.

Domestic violence also includes any other crime against a person, or against property, including an animal, or any municipal ordinance violation against a person, or against property, including an animal, when used as a method of coercion, control, punishment, intimidation, or revenge directed against a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship. (Note that "dating violence" in Colorado is included with the broader definition of domestic violence).

**Definition of Stalking - Colorado Revised Statute § 18-3-602 (1)(a)-(c)**

A person commits stalking if directly, or indirectly through another person, the person knowingly:

a) Makes a credible threat to another person and, in connection with the threat, repeatedly follows, approaches, contacts, or places under surveillance that person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship; or

b) Makes a credible threat to another person and, in connection with the threat, repeatedly makes any form of communication with that person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship, regardless of whether a conversation ensues; or

c) Repeatedly follows, approaches, contacts, places under surveillance, or makes any form of communication with another person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship in a manner that would cause a reasonable person to suffer serious emotional distress and does cause that person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship to suffer serious emotional distress. For purposes of this paragraph (c), a victim need not show that he or she received professional treatment.

**9. SEX OFFENDER**

**a. Statement Addressing Sex Offender Registration**

In accordance to the “Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act” of 2000, which amends the Jacob Wetterling Crimes Against Children and Sexually Violent Offender Registration Act, UCCS PD is providing a link to the Colorado Bureau of Investigations Sex Offender registry. CSCPA requires state law enforcement agencies (in Colorado, it is the Colorado Bureau of Investigation) to provide UCCS with a list of registered sex offenders who have indicated that they are enrolled, employed, or volunteering at the University. A person may request a copy of this list at the UCCS PD during normal business hours, Monday-Friday from 8am – 5pm.

A person may also request a list from the Colorado Bureau of Investigation (CBI). CBI maintains the registry and is the official custodian of high-risk registered sex offenders. The CBI has established a website pursuant to 16-22-111, Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.). For more information visit CBI’s sex offender website at https://www.colorado.gov/apps/cdps/sor/.

**Release of Information.**

Pursuant to 16-22-112(2), Colorado Revised Statutes, each Colorado law enforcement agency shall release information regarding any person registered with the local law enforcement agency pursuant to this article to any person residing within the local law enforcement agency’s jurisdiction. The information is available for the University Police Record Custodian, during normal business hours. The release of such information does not violate the Family Educational Rights to Privacy Act (FERPA).
For the City of Colorado Springs, you can visit the Colorado Springs Police Department website https://cspd.coloradosprings.gov/content/sex-offender-information. The information provided by the Colorado Springs Police is only for sex offenders who reside in Colorado Springs, are required by law to register as sex offenders with the police department, are in compliance with the sex offender registration laws, and are adults who have committed a felony or hold an active warrant for the sex offender’s arrest. If you wish to receive a more complete list of sex offenders you will need to complete the appropriate form and attach appropriate fees.

To obtain sex offender registry information for El Paso County, visit the El Paso County Sheriff’s website at http://shr.elpasoco.com/services/sex-offenders-search. The website includes only those persons who have been required by law to register and who are in compliance with the sex offender registration laws.

The use of this sex offender registry information to harass, threaten, or intimidate any registered sex offender, his/her significant others, or any member of their community supervision team will not be tolerated and will result in criminal prosecution.

This statement is provided in compliance with the Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act of 2000 and the Colorado Sex Offender Registration Act, Article 22 of Title 16, C.R.S.

10. ALCOHOL AND DRUG POLICY

a. Statement Addressing Possession, Use, and Sale of Alcoholic Beverages

Alcohol Use at the University

UCCS is committed to excellence in all aspects of personal and academic life. Alcohol abuse and misuse is a significant impediment to achieving this excellence. Therefore, UCCS permits only responsible, legal consumption of alcohol. The university complies with all federal, state and local laws concerning alcohol and illegal drugs. As a UCCS community member, you are responsible for acquainting yourself with the laws and university policies regarding alcohol and illegal drugs.

b. Alcohol Policy

http://www.uccs.edu/Documents/vcaf/policies/100-003Alcohol2013.pdf

Alcohol policies apply to the UCCS campus and University sponsored activities at off-campus locations. Administrators, alumni, faculty, guests, staff, and students must adhere to all applicable state and local laws and University regulations related to the sale, possession and use of alcoholic beverages. The most common laws related to alcohol use and sales are as follows:

1. The sale of alcoholic beverages is prohibited except in designated areas at times and dates licensed by the Colorado State Department of Revenue.
2. In the State of Colorado, it is against the law for persons under 21 years of age to possess or consume malt beverages, fermented malt liquor or vinous or spirituous liquor. UCCS PD enforces all federal, state and local laws concerning possession and/or consumption of ethyl alcohol. However, enforcement options may include criminal charges as well as a referral to the Dean of Students Office or the Office of Residence Life and Housing for possible disciplinary sanctions.
3. The furnishing of alcoholic beverages to underage persons is also against the state law.
4. Alcohol cannot be consumed or carried in open containers on any street, sidewalk, and alley, automobile or public area.
5. Alcohol is not permitted in the Summit Village Residence Halls. In the Alpine Village Apartments, any student 21 years of age or older may consume alcohol in his or her room, or if all residents in the apartment are over 21 years of age, alcohol may be consumed in the apartments common living room as long as no one else present is under 21 years of age.
6. No person under legal drinking age or any obviously intoxicated person shall be furnished, served, or given an alcohol beverage.
7. It is University policy that the cost of admission to an event may not include alcoholic beverages. Alcoholic beverages must be purchased separately.
Standards of Conduct
The purpose of the UCCS Student Code of Conduct is to maintain the general welfare of the University community. The University strives to make the campus community a place of study, work, and residence where people are treated, and treat one another, with respect and courtesy. The University views the student conduct process as a learning experience that can result in growth and personal understanding of one’s responsibilities and privileges within both the University community and the greater community. All students must follow these standards. Students who violate these standards will be subject to the actions described below. These procedures are designed to provide fairness to all who are involved in the conduct process.

It is the goal of the Office of the Dean of Students for all students to fully understand their rights and responsibilities throughout the student conduct process. This starts at Orientation through discussions about the responsibilities of all members of the University Community and to information and programs during the academic year. At all conduct meetings, students are presented all necessary information for them to make informed decisions about the process. UCCS’ Student Code of Conduct can be obtained from the Office of the Dean of Students or by visiting http://www.uccs.edu/dos/student-conduct.html.

University Requirements for Serving Alcohol
Any event where alcohol is served that meets either of the following conditions is covered by this policy – the event takes place on university property or the event is paid for in part or in whole by university funds.

1. No person under legal drinking age nor any obviously intoxicated person shall be furnished, served or given an alcoholic beverage.
2. All alcohol events where University funds are used require the Event with Alcohol Authorization Form.
3. Regardless of who caters the event, servers of alcohol must be TIPS certified unless the event is an un-catered event at a private residence. Bartending services can be provided should your caterer not have TIPS certified employees.
4. Security requirements will be determined on a case by case basis by the UCCS Police Department.
5. Guests under 21 years of age are allowed to attend events with alcohol, but there must be a system in place (such as wrist bands or hand stamps) to identify guests who are not of age so they won't be served alcohol.

Best Practices
1. If the event lasts more than two hours, alcohol should not be served during the last hour of the event. For events lasting less than two hours, service should end at least 30 minutes before the scheduled end of event.
2. Identify those whose age has been checked by using wrist bands or hand stamps for those old enough to drink alcohol.
3. At a private event, use a check-in list at the entrance of the event to verify that only invited guests attend. Use a name tag, wrist band, hand stamp or other means of identifying persons who have checked in at the entrance to a private event.
4. Use tickets or other means to limit/monitor the number of alcoholic drinks consumed.
5. Develop a "get home safe" booth for guests to call taxis, designated driver or other safe ride home.

c. Statement Addressing Illegal Drugs
Federal and State drug laws as well as University policy prohibit the sale, unlawful manufacture, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of a controlled substance, or of illicit drugs, on university property or as part of any university activity, in compliance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act and the Drug-Free Workplace Act. Although possession and use of marijuana is no longer a crime under Colorado law, for those 21 years of age and over, the possession and use of marijuana remains illegal under federal law. The use and/or possession of marijuana in any form is prohibited on campus and/or on any property owned, leased or operated by UCCS, including UCCS student housing.

UCCS PD enforces all federal, state and local drug laws. This prohibition applies to all students, employees and visitors. Any employee (including student employees) whose act in violation with the above policy also
results in a criminal conviction must report the conviction in writing to the employee’s supervisor within five days. The University, in turn, is obliged by law to report certain convictions to the federal government.

University sanctions for violation of this policy may include, but are not limited to, mandatory participation in a rehabilitation program, or disciplinary action such as reprimand, suspension, salary reduction, demotion, or termination of employment for employees, and for students a warning, probation, suspension, ineligibility for financial assistance, or dismissal or expulsion from the University.

Many of the acts which violate this policy also violate criminal law and must be referred for prosecution. In such cases, law enforcement authorities may administer a separate penalty such as a fine or imprisonment.

In addition to the legal and financial consequences associated with the abuse of drugs and alcohol, the physical and psychological effects of such abuse can have a devastating effect upon the ability to perform physical and intellectual skills required of a student or employee. It can also impair the ability to develop and maintain the interpersonal skills and the working relationships essential to an effective working and learning environment.

d. Health Risks
A myriad health risks are associated with drug and alcohol abuse. Risks include but are not limited to: malnutrition, brain damage, heart disease, digestive problems, injury or death through violent or self-destructive behavior, depression, cirrhosis of the liver, high blood pressure, dependency potential. Personal relationships, family dynamics, ability to work and study are also at risk. Further information on health risks is available at the Wellness Center, wellness@uccs.edu, (719) 255-4444.

e. Drug and Alcohol Abuse Education Programs
UCCS provides education, counseling, and referral for rehabilitative treatment relating to drug and alcohol abuse. Programs are available through Student Support Services (Wellness Center and Disability Services), CU Benefits Office (Colorado State Employee Assistance, UC Health Insurance) and Department of Public Safety (event guidance and training). See also crime prevention programs beginning on page 19 of this report.

For further information on UCCS alcohol and drug policies visit the Alcohol and Other Drug website at: http://www.uccs.edu/~aod/

11. CAMPUS FACILITIES

Campus delays/closures.
Information concerning campus delays or closure is posted by the university police dispatch center. Information is available in several ways: on the Internet at http://www.flashalert.net/; by calling the campus Emergency Information Line at (719) 255-3346; via e-mail and Emergency Notification System text alerts sent out to staff, faculty, and students; and by listening to local radio and TV stations.

The primary premise for weather-related closing of UCCS is that the institution will remain open unless there is unreasonable risk or danger to a substantial number of students and employees due to unreasonably hazardous driving conditions to campus. While utmost consideration is given to conditions for travel, UCCS continues to function during inclement weather.

Given the range of institutional programs, the number of essential services provided, and the continuing needs of resident students, the university will remain open in all but the most extreme circumstances. University employees and students are urged to use their own discretion in deciding whether they can safely commute to class or to work. If personal health or safety is at issue in that decision, responsible judgment should be used.

In the event of heavy snowfall, extreme weather condition, campus emergency, a mechanical system failure or some other condition that prevents the safe operation of the campus, classes may be canceled or delayed.
The authority to cancel or delay regularly scheduled classes rests with the Chancellor or the Chancellor’s designee. Every attempt will be made to announce this decision by no later than 6:00 a.m. for morning and afternoon classes, or 3:00 p.m. for evening classes and activities.

a. Statement Addressing Access to Campus Facilities
   i. Residence Halls
   All residence hall doors that lead to living areas are locked 24 hours a day. The lobbies of the Housing Villages are staffed Monday through Fridays from 8:00 am to 10:00 pm and Saturdays 1:00pm to 5:00pm. During these hours, a resident may enter the hall through the lobby or common area or use an access card to enter the hall through several outside doors. Access to residence halls is restricted to residents and guests. Friends and guests of a resident may enter the lobby or common areas and use a house phone to contact the resident they are visiting. A guest may access any residential facility if a housing resident accompanies them. The resident is responsible for escorting their guest(s) at all times, and for explaining housing rules and regulations to each guest. At check in, residents are provided with keys for their room, mailbox and the outside doors of their hall. Keys may be metal keys, electronic access cards or a combination of both. Outside doors to residence halls should never be propped open, and malfunctioning doors should be reported to the hall office. Residents are advised to lock their rooms whenever they leave and to carry their key/access card at all times. All residence hall keys remain the property of the university, and duplication of residence hall keys is prohibited. It is against residence hall policy for people to have residence hall keys that were issued in someone else’s name. Only original university keys are accepted when residents check out of the halls. If a resident loses his or her keys, the lock on the room door is changed at the resident’s expense. It is the responsibility of the resident to notify the residence hall office if keys have been lost. Residents should never allow strangers to follow them through locked security doors into their residence hall.

   Residence Hall Maintenance Work Orders. Residents are responsible for reporting to the Office of Residence Life and Housing problems or issues that may arise within their personal suite. The on duty staff make several rounds through all common areas of the housing village during their duty rotation and report any maintenance concerns via the housing work order system; if an issue is found after hours that affects the health or safety of residents the issue is reported to the on call maintenance staff or a return to campus. Work orders are typically attended to within 24 hours of receiving the request for work Monday through Friday 7:30 am to 6:00 pm. Afterhours or weekends residents are instructed to report the concern to the on duty staff and an assessment will occur. If the on duty staff cannot remedy the situation then the on call maintenance staff is request to return to campus to attend to the concern.

   Auxiliary Operations. As a part of the shared services of the Auxiliary Operations the structural trades group is available to be called back for any afterhours issues in any of the auxiliary operations facilities. The on-call number for housing would be used for any of the other auxiliary operations facilities.

ii. Campus Buildings

As a member of the campus community, you (as well as university guests and visitors) have access to most campus buildings and facilities during regular business and class hours (Monday – Saturday, from 07:30 am to 10:30 pm) and for scheduled classes and events on Sundays, excluding most holidays. The Department of Public Safety is responsible for locking and unlocking designated university buildings and for patrols of campus grounds and buildings. If you need assistance in gaining authorized entry outside of business hours to a university building or room and no other help is available, you may call the University Police at 719-255-3111.

b. Statement Addressing Maintenance of Facilities and Security
   i. Lighting

Exterior campus lighting is essential to creating a safe campus environment. Parking lots, main pedestrian walkways and bike paths, and most campus building exteriors are lighted either all night long or several hours past the end of the last class. The exterior lighting receives a comprehensive inspection by the Department of Public Safety to identify any unreported lighting failures or deficiencies and resulting issues are placed into a work order routed to the Facilities Department for correction. You are encouraged to report any exterior lighting problems by either submitting a work order to Facilities Services via website https://ithelp.uccs.edu/cherwellportal/facilities#0 or by calling Facilities at (719) 255-3313, or by calling the Department of Public Safety at (719) 255-3111.

   ii. Trees, Vines, and Shrubs

Campus grounds-keepers, Facilities Services staff, trim trees, vines, shrubs, and other vegetation on a
regular basis to maintain campus security. Obstructing vegetation is trimmed away from pedestrian walkways, building entrances, windows and lighting fixtures. You are encouraged to report any specific concerns regarding vegetation to Facilities Services via https://ithelp.uccs.edu/cherwellportal/facilities#0, by calling (719) 255-3313, or by calling the Department of Public Safety at (719) 255-3111.

iii. Doors and Locks
UCCS PD personnel regularly patrol the exterior and interior of campus buildings throughout the night, on weekends and during holidays. These officers report door lock and security hardware failures to Facilities Services on a daily basis.

12. CAMPUS RESOURCE ORGANIZATIONS

Wellness Center Confidential Resource
Recreation and Wellness Center
(719) 255-4444
Email: wellness@uccs.edu
http://www.uccs.edu/recwellness/index.html

Mental Health Services
The Wellness Center’s Mental Health Services offers a variety of services and interventions to students who are currently enrolled at UCCS. Students are charged very affordable fees for counseling services. As a way to address developmental needs, provide preventive information and enhance the quality of campus life, the Wellness Center conducts workshops on topics such as acquaintance rape, healthy relationships, study skills and stress management. Please refer to the following website for further information: http://www.uccs.edu/recwellness/mental-health-services.html. Counseling appointments can be made by calling the Wellness Center at (719) 255-4444 or by coming to the Recreation and Wellness Center in person. Normal clinical service hours are 8am-5pm, Monday-Friday.

University “mental health clinicians”, when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority and are not required to report crimes for inclusion into the annual disclosure of crime statistics. Students who have been victims of crime and who address those issues in therapy at the Wellness Center are made aware of their reporting options and are encouraged to report the crime as a part of therapy. However, it is made very clear to the student that the final decision to report or not report is left up to the student.

You may use the University's on-line anonymous reporting option at https://secure.ethicspoint.com/domain/en/report_custom.asp?clientid=14973. If you choose the anonymous reporting please be aware that the report cannot be immediately viewed. If there is an immediate threat to life or safety please call 9-1-1 immediately.

Health Services
The Wellness Center’s Health Services provides convenient and affordable access to quality medical care for students. The clinic is located at the Recreation and Wellness Center, Information is also available at http://www.uccs.edu/recwellness/health-services.html.

All actively enrolled students are welcome at the Wellness Center and medical insurance is not needed to be seen for an appointment. The clinic’s medical staff consists of a physician, nurse practitioners and other qualified health professionals. The clinic hours during the Spring and Fall are Monday, Wednesday, Friday 8:00am to 5:00pm and Tuesday, Thursday 8:00am to 6:00pm. During breaks and in the Summer the clinics hours are, Monday through Friday 8:00am to 5:00pm. The Wellness Center’s Health Services is a fee for service clinic with $15 office visits. Students that report being victims of a sexual assault will be seen and treated free of charge for all services that can be provided within the clinic. Victims will be informed that the exam at the Wellness Center is limited and all victims will be informed about the option to obtain a sexual assault nurse exam at the local...
hospital. They will also be informed about reporting options and assisted in connecting with the proper authorities if the decision to report is made. University “medical providers”, when acting as such, are not considered to be a campus security authority and are not required to report sexual assaults unless the victim chooses to do so. Medical providers are mandated to report certain observable injuries that are believed to have been inflicted during criminal activity such as domestic violence.

**OFFICE OF INSTITUTIONAL EQUITY**
Title IX Coordinator, Julia Paris
ACAD 106
(719) 255-4324
Jparis5@uccs.edu
equity@uccs.edu
http://www.uccs.edu/~equity/

The Title IX Coordinator and the Office of Institutional Equity (OIE) investigate and resolve matters involving allegations of sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination and harassment, and related retaliation. All allegations of harassment or discrimination by faculty, staff or students are handled by the Title IX Coordinator/OIE. Anyone who believes that he or she has experienced or witnessed sexual misconduct, protected class discrimination, harassment or related retaliation should promptly report such behavior to the Title IX Coordinator/OIE. The Title IX Coordinator/OIE may appoint an investigator to conduct the investigations.

**Campus Resources and Services**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Service</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
<th>Location</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Disability Services</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~disability/">http://www.uccs.edu/~disability/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-3354</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Global Engagement Office – International Students</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~international/">http://www.uccs.edu/~international/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-5018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Housing and Residential Life</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~residence/">http://www.uccs.edu/~residence/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-6288</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Human Resources</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~hr/">http://www.uccs.edu/~hr/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-3372</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LGBT Resource Center</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~lgbtresourcecenter/">http://www.uccs.edu/~lgbtresourcecenter/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-3447</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MOSAIC (Multicultural Office for Student Access, Inclusiveness, Community)</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~mosaic/">http://www.uccs.edu/~mosaic/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-3319</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of Dean of Students</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~dos/">http://www.uccs.edu/~dos/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-3091</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of Institutional Equity</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~equity/">http://www.uccs.edu/~equity/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-4324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of Veteran &amp; Military Student Affairs</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/military/index.html">http://www.uccs.edu/military/index.html</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-3253</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office of Student Activities</td>
<td><a href="http://sll.uccs.edu/org/osa">http://sll.uccs.edu/org/osa</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-3540</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University Center</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~uc/">http://www.uccs.edu/~uc/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-3450</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Wellness Center Confidential Resource</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~recwellness/">http://www.uccs.edu/~recwellness/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-4444</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Success – Academic Advising</td>
<td><a href="http://www.uccs.edu/~advising/">http://www.uccs.edu/~advising/</a></td>
<td>(719) 255-3260</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Community Resources**
(Dial 9 first if you are calling from a campus phone)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Resource Description</th>
<th>Contact Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol Abuse (24 hour helpline and treatment)</td>
<td><a href="https://findtreatment.samhsa.gov/locator?sAddr=80918&amp;submit=Go">https://findtreatment.samhsa.gov/locator?sAddr=80918&amp;submit=Go</a> 1-800-662-HELP (4357)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspen Pointe</td>
<td><a href="http://www.aspenpointe.org/">http://www.aspenpointe.org/</a> (719) 572-6100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcoholics Anonymous (24 hours)</td>
<td>719 573-5020</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcohol and Drug Treatment</td>
<td><a href="https://findtreatment.samhsa.gov/locator?sAddr=80918&amp;submit=Go">https://findtreatment.samhsa.gov/locator?sAddr=80918&amp;submit=Go</a> 1-800-662-HELP (4357)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Aspen Pointe</td>
<td><a href="http://www.aspenpointe.org/">http://www.aspenpointe.org/</a> (719) 572-6100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Center for Prevention of Domestic Violence, <a href="http://www.tessacs.org">www.tessacs.org</a></td>
<td>719 633-3819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Domestic Violence 24 hour hot line - TESSA</td>
<td>719 633-3819</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>District Attorney-Ell Paso County and Teller County</td>
<td>719 520-6000 El Paso 719 520-7188 Teller</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hospitals</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Memorial Hospital UCHealth</td>
<td>719 365-5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Penrose Hospital</td>
<td>719 776-5000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>St. Francis Medical Center</td>
<td>719 571-1000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pikes Peak Gay &amp; Lesbian Community Center</td>
<td>719 471-4429</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mental Health Crisis Line, AspenPointe</td>
<td>719 572-6100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rape Crisis Center (24 hours)</td>
<td>1-844-493-TALK (8255)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Social Services/Human Services</td>
<td>719 636-0000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Suicide Prevention Hotline</td>
<td><a href="http://www.pikespeaksuicideprevention.org/">http://www.pikespeaksuicideprevention.org/</a> 1-844-493-TALK (8255)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victim Services District Attorney</td>
<td>719 520-6000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Safety Planning/National Dating Abuse Helpline.** 1-866-331-9474
This document guides you through the planning process for college students to develop a plan to keep one’s self safe from abuse and put a plan in writing.

**Healthy Relationships** www.loveisrespect.org
This website talks about healthy and unhealthy relationships, abusive behaviors, getting help and taking action.

**PACT5** http://pact5.org/
PACT5 is a national movement, produced by students, to prevent sexual assaults and rapes in colleges.

**Stalking Resource Center**
http://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center
This resource provides stalking information, help for victims, trainings and webinar events, stalking laws and more to help victims of crime rebuild their lives.
TO REPORT A CRIME OR EMERGENCY
Emergency.......................... dial 9-1-1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>University Police</th>
<th>719 255-3111</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Emergency Information Line</td>
<td>719 255-3346</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-Emergency</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado Springs Police</td>
<td>719 444-7000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colorado State Patrol</td>
<td>719 544-2424</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>El Paso Sheriff</td>
<td>719 390-5555</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**FIRE SAFETY REPORT**

**Reporting of fires:**
Students and staff should report a fire by immediately calling 9-1-1 or University Police at (719) 255-3111 (on campus 3111). If a member of the UCCS community finds evidence of a fire that has been extinguished, and the person is not sure whether UCCS PD has already responded, the community member should immediately notify UCCS PD to investigate and document the incident.

**Resident Life**
Resident Assistants residing in UCCS residence halls are provided with comprehensive training and information that will enable them to prevent, escape, report or handle any fire emergency within the residence halls.

Provided comprehensive training will encompass the following:
- Overview of the campus emergency plan
- Training segment on severe weather emergencies
- Training on an active shooter emergency
- Overview of the housing fire alarm, sprinkler, and extinguisher systems
- Viewed DVD on college fire survival – “Dominic’s Story”

Divided into groups for on-hands training stations:
- Emergency Planning
- Fire extinguisher training
- Fire violations in a mock dorm room
- Evacuation from a smoke filled dorm corridor

Debrief meeting as a group on training and exercises.

**Fire Drill Training and Evacuation Exercises:**
Fire drill exercises are conducted once a semester for Summit Village, Alpine Village and Village at Alpine Valley student housing facilities on campus. Records are maintained on these exercises to include the following information: person conducting the drill, date and time, notification method used, staff members participating, number of occupants evacuated, special conditions simulated, problems encountered, weather conditions, and time required to complete evacuation.
Procedures for Student Housing Evacuation:
Students should determine the most direct evacuation route from their room and when the alarm is sounded they should leave the building IMMEDIATELY. No resident may use an elevator during a fire alarm. Residence Life staff will check to see residents have left the building as they exit themselves. It is a violation of Federal Law for anyone to remain inside a building when a fire alarm is sounding. Failure to evacuate the building during a fire drill or fire may result in disciplinary action. Fire officials will give the okay to return to the building. Under NO circumstances may a resident return to the building before permission is given.

General Procedures Students and Employees should follow in the case of a fire:
Pull the nearest fire alarm and leave via the preplanned evacuation route if safe to do so. Dial 911 or 255-3111 and give your name and location of the fire. (If necessary, dial 911 from another building)

When a fire alarm sounds, occupants should:
Proceed immediately to an exit according to the posted evacuation plan and move a safe distance away from the building. If the primary exit is blocked, choose the best alternate route. If time permits, close doors and windows behind you. Do not use an elevator.

If there is smoke in the area, remain close to the floor.
Before passing through any door, feel the metal doorknob. If it is hot, do not open the door. Before opening a door, brace yourself against it slightly; if heat or heavy smoke are present, close the door and stay in the room.

If you cannot leave the room:
- Seal the cracks around doors with clothing or other material, soaked with water if possible.
- Hang an object (bed sheet, jacket, shirt, etc.) in the window to gain attention.
- Shout for help.
- If possible, call 255-3111 or 911 and report that you are trapped.
- If all exits are found to be blocked, go to a room as far as possible from the fire, close the door, and follow the above procedures.
- As with any emergency, the best advice is to be prepared by familiarizing yourself with evacuation route plans.

Fire Safety and Education:
Public Safety offers hands-on fire extinguisher, evacuation, and hazard recognition training throughout the academic year to students, staff, and faculty. Fire safety training is provided to all Resident Assistants before the start of each Fall semester.

Policies on portable electrical appliances:
Items allowed in Summit Village and Village at Alpine Valley: small microwave, small refrigerator, hot air popcorn popper, crock pot, and coffee maker. All standard appliances are permitted in the Alpine Village Apartments, as they have the proper kitchen facilities for their storage and safe use.

Prohibited Items:
Any appliance with an open coil heating element is a fire hazard and is not allowed, such as: hot plates, space heaters, toaster/toaster ovens and indoor/outdoor grills. Please see the Conduct Expectations section for a complete list of prohibited items in housing: http://www.uccs.edu/residence/current-resident/policies/resident-handbook.html

Smoking Policy:
Smoking is not allowed in any residential building. Per Colorado State Law, you must smoke at least 20 feet away from any building entrance. Smoking is prohibited within 20 feet of all UCCS building entrances. Smoking is only allowed in exterior designated areas of the campus.

Open Flames Policy:
Housing policies prohibit open flames, candles, smoking indoors, modification of fire safety devices (sprinklers, smoke detectors, extinguishers, etc), and initiating false alarms. Further, campus policies prohibit storage and use of hazardous materials inside all housing villages. Please see the Conduct Guidelines,
Article VIII - Prohibited Item for a complete list of prohibited items in housing http://www.uccs.edu/residence/current-resident/policies/resident-handbook.html.

On-Campus Student Housing Facility Fire Safety Systems:
Summit Village. There are two fire alarm panels that control the fire audible/visual detection devices for Summit Village. Fire audible/visual alarms and fire detection devices are located in each bedroom, living room, common area and data/electrical and mechanical rooms. There are also standalone smoke detectors in each suite. The area is a fully fire sprinklered facility with fire extinguishers located in the common areas.

Alpine Village and Village at Alpine Valley. Each building has its own fire alarm control panel. There are fire audible/visual devices located in each bedroom and living room. Fire detection devices are in common areas and data/electrical and mechanical rooms. There are standalone smoke detectors in each bedroom of each suite. This area is a fully fire sprinklered facility with fire extinguishers located in the common areas.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Residential Facility</th>
<th>On-Site Fire Alarm</th>
<th>Full Fire Sprinkler System with Fire Pump</th>
<th>Full Fire Sprinkler System without Fire Pump</th>
<th>Smoke Detection</th>
<th>Fire Extinguishers</th>
<th>Evacuation Plans</th>
<th>Number of Evacuation (fire) drills Per Calendar Year</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SUMMIT VILLAGE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Aspen House</td>
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<tr>
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<td>✓</td>
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<tr>
<td>Keystone House</td>
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<tr>
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<td>Telluride House</td>
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<td>Vail House</td>
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<td>ALPINE VILLAGE</td>
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<tr>
<td>VILLAGE AT ALPINE VALLEY</td>
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<tr>
<td>La Plata House</td>
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<tr>
<td>Cucharas House</td>
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<td></td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>✓</td>
<td>1*</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Future Improvements in Fire Safety:
The University continues to assess and upgrade fire safety equipment as an ongoing process to ensure that all equipment meets National Fire Safety standards. Future improvements will be made as needed as part of the ongoing assessment process.

On-Campus Housing Fire Statistics:
An institution must report statistics for each on-campus housing facility, for the three most recent calendar years.

UCCS Fire Log Statistics Report 2015

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>On-Campus Residential Facility</th>
<th>Total Fires in Each Building</th>
<th>Fire #</th>
<th>Cause of Fire</th>
<th>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility</th>
<th>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</th>
<th>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>SUMMIT VILLAGE</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Monarch House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Keystone House @1010 Austin Bluffs Pkwy</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>NA</td>
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<th>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility</th>
<th>Number of Deaths Related to a Fire</th>
<th>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire</th>
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### UCCS Fire Log Statistics Report 2013

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<th>Number of Injuries That Required Treatment in a Medical Facility</th>
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<th>Value of Property Damage Caused by Fire</th>
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**ALPINE VILLAGE**

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<tr>
<td>Shavano</td>
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</table>

UCCS maintains a daily **fire log** for the residential facilities. It can be reviewed at the Department of Public Safety – Environmental Health & Safety office. The fire log is also integrated into the Crime/Fire Log at: [http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/blotter.html](http://www.uccs.edu/pusafety/blotter.html)
APPENDIX A

SEX OFFENSE DEFINITIONS
As per the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program

SEX OFFENSES—FORCIBLE
Any sexual act directed against another person, without the consent of the victim, including instances where the victim is incapable of giving consent. Sex offenses include: Rape, Fondling, Statutory Rape and Incest.

Such instances may include:
- Where the victim is prevented from resisting due to alcohol or drugs.
- Where the assailant uses physical force or the threat of force to overpower and control the victim.
- Where the victim fears that she or he or another will be injured if the victim does not submit.
- Where the victim is at the time unconscious of the nature of the act, and this is known to the assailant.
- Where the victim is incapable of giving legal consent because of his/her age or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity and this is known or reasonably should be known to the assailant.
- Where the act is accomplished by threatening to use the authority of a public official to incarcerate, arrest, or deport the victim or another person.
- Where the assailant uses duress, such as a direct or implied threat of hardship or retribution, to coerce the victim.
- Where the assailant uses force, fear, or threats to accomplish sexual intercourse against the will of the spouse. This provision of the law is known as the “spousal rape law.”

Rape
The penetration, no matter how slight, of the vagina or anus with any body part or object, or oral penetration by a sex organ of another person, without the consent of the victim.

Sodomy
Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sexual Assault with an Object
The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Fondling
The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

SEX OFFENSES—NON-FORCIBLE
Unlawful sexual intercourse.

Incest. Sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape. Sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

CRS 18-3-401(4) “Sexual contact” means the knowing touching of the victim’s intimate parts by the actor, or of the actor’s intimate parts by the victim, or the knowing touching of the clothing covering the immediate area of the victim’s or actor’s intimate parts if that sexual contact is for the purposes of sexual arousal, gratification, or abuse.

(5) “Sexual intrusion” means any intrusion, however slight, by any object or any part of a person's body, except the mouth, tongue, or penis, into the genital or anal opening of another person's body if that sexual
intrusion can reasonably be construed as being for the purposes of sexual arousal, gratification, or abuse.

(6) “Sexual penetration” means sexual intercourse, cunnilingus, fellatio, or anal intercourse. Emission need not be proved as an element of any sexual penetration. Any penetration, however slight, is sufficient to complete the crime.

**Sexual misconduct** may include sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, physical sexual abusive behavior, intimate partner violence, stalking. See Appendix B. Crime Definitions for further information of these crimes.

**APPENDIX B**

**Crime Definitions**

*As Per the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook*

**Assault**

*Aggravated* - an unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

*Simple* – An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

**Arson:** Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property, etc.

**Burglary:** The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

**Consent:**

CRS 18-3-401. (1.5) “Consent” means cooperation in act or attitude pursuant to an exercise of free will and with knowledge of the nature of the act. A current or previous relationship shall not be sufficient to constitute consent under the provisions of this part 4. Submission under the influence of fear shall not constitute consent. Nothing in this definition shall be construed to affect the admissibility of evidence or the burden of proof in regard to the issue of consent under this part 4.

Consent for sexual activity is clear, knowing, voluntary, freely and actively given, mutually understandable words or actions which indicate a willingness to participate in mutually agreed upon sexual activity. Consent must be active; silence by itself cannot be interpreted as consent. Consent is not effectively given if it results from the use of actual or implied physical force, threats, intimidation, or coercion. In the absence of mutually understandable words or actions (a meeting of the minds on what is to be done, where, with whom, and in what way), it is the responsibility of the initiator, or the person who wants to engage in the specific sexual activity, to make sure that he or she has consent from the partner(s) at every stage of sexual interaction. Engaging in sexual activity with a person who you know to be incapacitated or reasonably should know to be incapacitated, due to illness, consumption of alcohol or drugs, is unconscious, etc., is a violation of this policy. Consent that is obtained through the use of fraud or force (actual or implied) whether that force is 1) physical force, 2) threats, 3) intimidation, or 4) coercion, is ineffective consent.

**Dating partner:** The term “dating partner” refers to a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the abuser, and where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of –

(i) The length of the relationship.
The type of relationship; and

(iii) The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Dating violence (VAWA Definition): Violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim.

(1) The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the reporting party’s statement and with consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

(2) For the purpose of this definition-

(i) Dating violence includes, but is not limited to, sexual or physical abuse or the threat of such abuse.

(ii) Dating violence does not include acts covered under the definition of domestic violence.

Since Colorado does not have a Dating Violence statute, the above definition is being used for purposes of preparing this report.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property: To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Domestic violence:
(1) A felony or misdemeanor crime of violence committed--

(i) By a current or former spouse or intimate partner of the victim;

(ii) By a person with whom the victim shares a child in common;

(iii) By a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse or intimate partner;

(iv) By a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred, or

(v) By any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction in which the crime of violence occurred.

CRS 18-6-800.3 Domestic violence is an act or threatened act of violence upon a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship.

"Domestic violence" also includes any other crime against a person, or against property, including an animal, or any municipal ordinance violation against a person, or against property, including an animal, when used as a method of coercion, control, punishment, intimidation, or revenge directed against a person with whom the actor is or has been involved in an intimate relationship.

"Intimate relationship" means a relationship between spouses, former spouses, past or present unmarried couples, or persons who are both the parents of the same child regardless of whether the persons have been married or have lived together at any time. Intimate relationships can occur among heterosexual or same-sex couples and does not require sexual intimacy. A court may take into account the following three factors: (1) The length of time the relationship has existed or did exist; (2) the nature or type of the relationship; and (3) the frequency of interaction between the parties.

Intimate relationships violence includes:

Physical violence is the intentional use of physical force with the potential for causing death, disability, injury, or harm.

Sexual violence is divided into three categories:

Use of physical force to compel a person to engage in a sexual act against his or her will, whether or not the act is completed;

- Attempted or completed sex act involving a person who is unable to understand the nature or condition of the act, to decline participation, or to communicate unwillingness to engage in the sexual act, e.g., because of illness, disability, or the influence of alcohol or other drugs, or because of intimidation or pressure; and abusive sexual contact.
- Threats of physical or sexual violence use words, gestures, or weapons to communicate the intent to cause death, disability, injury, or physical harm.
Psychological/emotional violence involves trauma to the victim caused by acts, threats of acts, or coercive tactics.

**HATE CRIME:** A crime reported to local police agencies or to a campus security authority that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator’s bias against the victim. For the purposes of this section, the categories of bias include the victim’s actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.

**The Clery Act Categories of Bias:**
- **Race:** A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind (e.g., Asians, blacks, whites).
- **Gender:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons because those persons are male or female.
- **Religion:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being (e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists).
- **Sexual orientation:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their sexual attraction toward, and responsiveness to, members of their own sex or members of the opposite sex (e.g., gays, lesbians, heterosexuals).
- **Ethnicity/national origin:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons of the same race or national origin who share common or similar traits, languages, customs and traditions (e.g., Arabs, Hispanics).
- **Disability:** A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments/challenges, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.

In conjunction with the Clery Act, hate crimes include any of the offenses listed above and the offenses motivated by bias below:
- **Larceny-Theft:** The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, confidence games, forgery, worthless checks, etc., are excluded.
  - Constructive possession is the condition in which a person does not have physical custody or possession, but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a thing.
- **Simple Assault:** An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.
- **Intimidation:** To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.
- **Destruction/damage/Vandalism of Property:** To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

**Motor Vehicle Theft:** The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned-including joy riding).

18-4-409. Aggravated motor vehicle theft
   (2) A person commits aggravated motor vehicle theft in the first degree if he or she knowingly obtains or exercises control over the motor vehicle of another without authorization or by threat or deception and:
   (a) Retains possession or control of the motor vehicle for more than twenty-four hours; or
   (b) Attempts to alter or disguise or alters or disguises the appearance of the motor vehicle; or
   (c) Attempts to alter or remove or alters or removes the vehicle identification number; or
(d) Uses the motor vehicle in the commission of a crime other than a traffic offense; or

(e) Causes five hundred dollars or more property damage, including but not limited to property damage to the motor vehicle involved, in the course of obtaining control over or in the exercise of control of the motor vehicle; or

(f) Causes bodily injury to another person while he or she is in the exercise of control of the motor vehicle; or

(g) Removes the motor vehicle from this state for a period of time in excess of twelve hours; or

(h) Unlawfully attaches or otherwise displays in or upon the motor vehicle license plates other than those officially issued for the motor vehicle.

**Murder / Non-negligent Manslaughter:** The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

**Manslaughter by Negligence:** The killing of another person through gross negligence.

**Protection order or restraining order**
CRS 18-6-803.5 (a.5) (I) “Protection order” means any order that prohibits the restrained person from contacting, harassing, injuring, intimidating, molesting, threatening, or touching any protected person or protected animal, or from entering or remaining on premises, or from coming within a specified distance of a protected person or protected animal or premises or any other provision to protect the protected person or protected animal from imminent danger to life or health, that is issued by a court of this state or a municipal court.

The term “protection order” or “restraining order” includes—
(A) any injunction, restraining order, or any other order issued by a civil or criminal court for the purpose of preventing violent or threatening acts or harassment against, sexual violence or contact or communication with or physical proximity to, another person, including any temporary or final orders issued by civil or criminal courts whether obtained by filing an independent action or as a pendent lite order in another proceeding so long as any civil order was issued in response to a complaint, petition, or motion filed by or on behalf of a person seeking protection; and

(B) any support, child custody or visitation provisions, orders, remedies, or relief issued as part of a protection order, restraining order, or stay away injunction pursuant to State, tribal, territorial, or local law authorizing the issuance of protection orders, restraining orders, or injunctions for the protection of victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

**Robbery:** The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force, violence, and/or causing the victim fear.

**Sexual Offense:** See Appendix A. Sex Offense Definitions

**Sexual misconduct** may include sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, physical sexual abusive behavior, intimate partner violence, stalking.

**Stalking:** (VAWA definition)
(1) Engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to—
   (i) Fear for the person’s safety or the safety of others; or
   (ii) Suffer substantial emotional distress.

(2) For the purpose of this definition—
   (i) **Course of conduct** means two or more acts, including, but not limited to, acts in which the stalker directly, indirectly, or through third parties, by any action, method, device, or means follows, monitors, observes, surveys, threatens, or communicates to or about, a person, or interferes with a person’s property.
(ii) **Substantial emotional distress** means significant mental suffering or anguish that may, but does not necessarily, require medical or other professional treatment or counseling.

(iii) **Reasonable person** means a reasonable person under similar circumstances and with similar identities to the victim.

CRS 18-3-602. 1) A person commits stalking if directly, or indirectly through another person, the person knowingly:

(a) Makes a credible threat to another person and, in connection with the threat, repeatedly follows, approaches, contacts, or places under surveillance that person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship; or

(b) Makes a credible threat to another person and, in connection with the threat, repeatedly makes any form of communication with that person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship, regardless of whether a conversation ensues; or

(c) Repeatedly follows, approaches, contacts, places under surveillance, or makes any form of communication with another person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship in a manner that would cause a reasonable person to suffer serious emotional distress and does cause that person, a member of that person's immediate family, or someone with whom that person has or has had a continuing relationship to suffer serious emotional distress. For purposes of this paragraph (c), a victim need not show that he or she received professional treatment or counseling to show that he or she suffered serious emotional distress.

**Weapon Law Violations:** The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, concealment, or use of firearms, cutting instruments, explosives, incendiary devices, or other deadly weapons.

**Drug Abuse Violations:** The violation of laws prohibiting the production, distribution, and/or use of certain controlled substances and the equipment or devices utilized in their preparation and/or use. The unlawful cultivation, manufacture, distribution, sale, purchase, use, possession, transportation, or importation of any controlled drug or narcotic substance. Arrests for violations of state and local laws, specifically those relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs.

**Liquor Law Violations:** The violation of state or local laws or ordinances prohibiting the manufacture, sale, purchase, transportation, possession, or use of alcoholic beverages, not including driving under the influence and drunkenness.

**APPENDIX C**

**Offense Definitions relating to HATE/BIAS RELATED CRIME**
Statistics as per the UCR Hate Crime Reporting Guidelines

**HATE CRIME:** A crime reported to local police agencies or to a campus security authority that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias against the victim. For the purposes of this section, the categories of bias include the victim's actual or perceived race, religion, gender, gender identity, sexual orientation, ethnicity, national origin, and disability.

**The Clery Act Categories of Bias:**

**Race**: A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics (e.g., color of skin, eyes, and/or hair; facial features, etc.) genetically transmitted by descent and heredity which distinguish them as a distinct division of humankind (e.g., Asians, blacks, whites).
Gender: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons because those persons are male or female.

Religion: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being (e.g., Catholics, Jews, Protestants, atheists).

Sexual orientation: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their sexual attraction toward, and responsiveness to, members of their own sex or members of the opposite sex (e.g., gays, lesbians, heterosexuals).

Ethnicity/national origin: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons of the same race or national origin who share common or similar traits, languages, customs and traditions (e.g., Arabs, Hispanics).

Disability: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments/challenges, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced age or illness.

In conjunction with the Clery Act, hate crimes include any of the offenses listed above and the offenses motivated by bias below:

Larceny-Theft: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another. Attempted larcenies are included. Embezzlement, confidence games, forgery, worthless checks, etc., are excluded.

Constructive possession is the condition in which a person does not have physical custody or possession, but is in a position to exercise dominion or control over a thing.

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Destruction/damage/Vandalism of Property: To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

APPENDIX D

GEOGRAPHY DEFINITIONS from the Clery Act

On-Campus-Defined as: (1) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of or in a manner related to the institution’s educational purposes, including residence halls; and (2) Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph (1), that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or retail vendor).

Non-Campus Building Or Property-Defined as: (1) Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or (2) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of or in relation to the institution’s educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

Public Property-Defined as: All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. The UCCS crime statistics do not include crimes that occur in privately owned homes or businesses within or adjacent to the campus boundaries.